BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY JOHN H. LYNDE. BANGOR, ME., TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 1, 1870. VOLUME XXXVII--NUMBER 258.

BANGOR
Daily Whig & Courier,
PUBLISHED MORNINGS,
At No. 1, East End Kenduskeag Bridge.

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4.00 for Six Months.
2.00 for Three Months.
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier,
IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,
At the office of the DAILY WHIG AND COURIER, at Two Dollars per Year, *invariably in advance.*

AGENCIES.
S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 10 State St., Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this Paper.
S. R. NILES, Agent, Scollay's Building, Court Street, Boston.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance. Subscribers finding this notice marked, will understand that the time for which they paid has now expired.

Your subscription expires

Business Cards.

Gilman, Townsend and Company, Cabinet Makers,
Manufacture
FURNITURE
—AT—
Morse & Co.'s Mills.
SALES ROOMS
—AT—
No. 9 GRANITE BLOCK.
Bangor, Oct. 25, 1870.

JOHN FOSTER,
with Julius, Jr. & Co.
Ship Chandlers and Grocers, Importers and Dealers in Anchors, Chains & Cordage,
420 South Delaware Avenue,
[North Side Lombard St.] PHILADELPHIA.
oct21 THEODORE JULIUS, Jr.

To the Musical Public.
MR. EDUARDO DE ANGUERA, from the celebrated firm of Hallet, Davis & Co., Boston, would inform the Music loving citizens of Bangor and vicinity, that he has come among us for the purpose of tuning and repairing Piano Fortes, and all orders left at Patten & Wheelden's, will be promptly attended to.
Perfect satisfaction guaranteed or no charge.
Address aug3

H. H. MASSEY & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
142 Lasalle Street, Chicago.
Orders for the purchase of FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, DRESSED HOGS, and PROVISIONS, filled promptly.
REFERENCES.
F. GARLAND & Co., } Bangor.
WM. P. HUBBARD & Co., }
B. W. TRUE & Co., Portland.
3m

Portable Steam Engines,
COMBINING the maximum of efficiency, durability and economy, with the minimum of weight and price. They are widely and favorably known, more than 750 being in use. All warranted satisfactory or no sale. Descriptive circulars sent on application. Address
J. C. HOADLEY & CO.,
LAWRENCE, Mass.

DAVIS, COLBY & GAGE,
Commission Merchants,
FOR THE PURCHASE OF
Flour, Grain and Provisions,
180 Washington St.,
C. F. DAVIS, }
F. J. COLBY, } CHICAGO.
W. GAGE. } aug23 3m

JOHN F. ROBINSON,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law
LINCOLN, MAINE,
Strict attention given to the collection of demands.

Home Again.
Dr. E. T. WASGATT,
(From the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery,)
having had the rooms formerly occupied by him at
2 1-2 Kenduskeag Bridge,
But which was burned out in the recent fire, repaired, remodeled, and fitted up in the best manner, with all the modern instruments and appliances for the performance of all kinds of operations in Dentistry, begs leave to inform his old friends and patrons, and the public generally, that he is at home again in the same old spot, where he would be happy to see them and wait upon them with anything wanted in the Dentistry line.
He would call special attention to his new apparatus for generating Nitrous Oxide Gas, Sprague's Patent;—the only generator that makes a *pure* and *tasteless* gas, and the only one of the kind ever in this city.
He continues also his specialty of administering ether spray, which is fast taking the place of the old method of inhalation, being entirely safe to the most delicate persons.
Please give him a call at his new rooms.
2 1-2 Kenduskeag Bridge.
DR. E. T. WASGATT.
Bangor, July 9, 1870.

W. T. HILLIARD,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,
—OFFICE—
Over Mercantile Bank, Hammond St.
Bangor, Nov. 22, 1866.—tf (Times copy)

J. H. CLERGUE,

117 Exchange St.
Ladies' and Gent's
WIG-MAKER
—AND—
Hair Manufacturer,
Where can be found a Large Assortment of latest styles Chignons, Braids, Switches, and Curls. Also Half-Wigs, and Front Pieces. Old Hair repaired at short notice. Also an assortment of Yankee Notions and Fancy Goods. Jan26

Stencil Cutting.
SHINGLE BRANDS and STENCILS, of every description cut at short notice. Brass Alphabets, Stencil Paste and Brushes, constantly on hand. Name Plates cut in Roman, Writing and Old English letters, with superior indelible ink. Also Key Checks and Rings of every style.
Agent for Golding's Elastic Hand Printer the best thing out for Printing on Envelopes, Labels, and Wrapping Paper. WM. H. EARLE,
No. 2 Harlow's Block, (Up Stairs,)
Mar. 12. East End Kenduskeag Bridge

FILES——FILES.
NOW IS THE TIME to Sharpen up and get ready for business. I have on hand,
1000 DOZEN FILES,
And am finishing off 150 Dozen per week; which I am selling at
The Lowest Prices,
and will warrant them equal to any imported.
Call and see them.
OLD FILES RECUT, as usual.
JOB COLLETT,
april21 EXCHANGE STREET.

PURE TEAS.
Just Received
FROM JAPAN AND CHINA,
—BY THE—
Mutual Store Company,
No. 22 & 24 Central Street,
Large invoices of fresh and very elegant flavored New Teas, imported by the most direct route, and selected by an American agent of the highest integrity and undoubted skill, sent out to China expressly to guard against, and if possible, protect the American consumers of this delicious plant from the persistent and consummate frauds practiced by the Chinaman, in curing and packing Teas for the American Market. And most wonderfully has he succeeded in preventing and exposing John Chinaman's rascality, as one trial of our Teas will well attest, prices lower than can be found elsewhere in New England.

ALSO,
PURE COFFEES,
of the choicest grades, imported expressly for the "Mutual Store Co.," from "Mocha," "Java," "Ceylon," "Rio," and "Porto Cabello," and can be sold for one profit only, which brings our Coffee lower in price than can be found at any other Store in the Country.

Our Roasted Coffee
is all prepared by an American House of long standing, and whose reputation for honesty and determined integrity, is above all reproach, or suspicion, and are not allowed to pass through the hands of the Chinamen, where they would be sure to receive the villainous adulteration. Sure to suit. Try them. Our

PURE SPICES
are already well known in this community, and are well appreciated. N. O.
We have also a very large and carefully selected Stocks of all kinds of goods catering into the stock of first-class Grocery Store, and a customer at our Store can buy not only Tea, Coffee, Spices, Saleratus, and a few such articles, but also Molasses of all grades, Syrups, Pork and Lard, Kerosene Oil, Flour, Meal, Butter, Eggs, and all kinds of country produce, everything in the Wooden Ware line, from a ten cent Basket to a Clothes-horse, also, English fish, English Pickles, English Mustards, English Sauce for your fresh meat, Sardines, Lobsters and Oysters in cans. Tomatoes in cans, and very cheap, all kinds of canned fruit; Jellies in Tumblers, a large stock of Raspberry Shrub, just the thing now wanted (except from Wingate) Burnett's, Knights', Lewis', and other flavoring extracts, Preston's Cocoas, and finally everything pertaining to a real
First Class Grocery Store,
and sold at prices that defy competition.
Our clerks are all real Yankees, and will be found at all times ready and willing to attend politely to all who may favor us with a call; and speaking of that, the proprietor himself is not slow.

J. C. MITCHELL,
Proprietor of Mutual Store Co.,
Nos. 22 and 24 Central Street,
Bangor, Maine.
may3 snlw atf

White Vests, White Vests!
WHITE LINEN
—AND—
WHITE MARSEILLES VESTS
—FROM—
McCullar, Williams & Parker's
OF BOSTON.
For sale at S. B. FIFIELD'S.
May 30.

PEIRRE McCONVILLE,
Ship Broker & Commission Merchant,
No. 14, Exchange Street.
Vessels wanted to load Pitch Pine, at Southern Ports for West Indies, South America and Northern ports U. S. Also, deal charters to Europe.
Constantly wanted vessels for coastwise voyages, highest rates paid.
Orders for Pitch Pine dimension flooring, &c., solicited. aug25 tf

The Steamer Lumberman,
capt. PARKER & ROBINSON,
WILL LEAVE D. T. Sanders & Co.'s Wharf for the head of the Lake, at 8 o'clock A. M., on TUESDAY & FRIDAY each week, and return same evening. Will also be at liberty to carry freight and passengers to any part of the Lake all other days of the week, when sufficient quantity to pay.
DAVID T. SANDERS, Agent.
Greenville, Oct 16th, 1870.

BENGAL INDIGO.
A new lot just Received,
ALSO,
Madder, Indigo, Logwood, Redwood, Fustic, Camwood, Cochineal, Red and Cream Tartar, Hue Dye, Muriate of Tin, and a heavy stock of
DYE STUFFS,
Low to Customers and the Trade, by
BLOOD & ROWE,
121 Exchange St.
oct17

RED STORE
NO. 18 CENTRAL STREET,
Just received, a fresh lot of TAMARINDS.
" " " Preserved Ginger.
" " " Imported Biscuit.
" " " Table Sauce.
Teas, Coffees, &c. Canned Goods, of all kinds.
Fresh Goods arriving each Boat.
Call at Luxon.
Red Store,
No. 18 Central Street.
W. C. Dillingham.
Bangor, June 14, 1870.

WANTED:—AGENTS everywhere to canvass for Howard's Abbott's forthcoming book, "Prussia and the Franco-Prussian War." A live subject for a wide-awake canvasser. Address B. B. RUSSELL, Boston, Mass.
oct11 d2w&w3t12

BAKER'S HARMONY
AND
THOROUGH BASS.
The Full and complete Treatment of the Full Harmony Stops, and the Thorough Analysis of the Chords, render a knowledge of Harmony available to all. It is THE BOOK for the student, whether in Instrumental, Vocal, Orchestral or Band Music.
By B. F. BAKER.
Price in Cloth, $2. Sent post-paid to any address on receipt of retail price.
OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.
C. H. DITSON & CO., New York.
oct25

Boys' and Youths'
CLOTHING
IN GREAT VARIETY.
Suitable for Boys from 3 to 15 years old.
Call and see before purchasing elsewhere.
ALSO,
Our usual assortment of Men's.
JONES BROTHERS,
1 and 2 West End Kenduskeag Bridge.
Bangor, May 10, 1870. tf

Steam Engine for Sale.
STEAM ENGINE—about 5-Horse Power with boiler, pump, main shaft, pulleys, all complete, and in running order. Can be seen in operation for one week at our Foundry on Hampden Road.
fel3 WOOD, BISHOP & CO.

PRESERVE YOUR CIDER
By using Neutral Sulphite of Lime,
SOLD BY
oct10 J. F. PATTEN.

Real Estate.

Farm for Sale.
The subscriber offers his Farm for Sale, situated in the town of Dixmont, one mile from the village on the Belfast road. Said farm contains 80 acres of land, under a good state of cultivation, is pleasantly located, with good and convenient buildings. Said Farm cuts 30 tons of hay, and is well adapted to the cultivation of the different variety of grains. Also a young orchard of engrafted fruit. Farming tools can be had with farm if desired. 20 acres of wood land, separate from farm, will be sold with farm or separately. For further particulars, address, or apply to JOHN M. HIGGINS on the premises.
oct20 3taw tf

Sale of Timber and Lumber
FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE
Maine Wesleyan Seminary
AND FEMALE COLLEGE.
STATE OF MAINE.
LAND OFFICE, }
BANGOR, Oct. 21, 1870. }
Pursuant to the provisions of a Resolve, entitled "Resolve in favor of Maine Wesleyan Seminary and Female College" approved March 22, 1861, and a Resolve entitled "Resolve for the purpose of carrying into effect chapter three hundred and thirty of the resolves of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, in favor of the Maine Wesleyan Seminary and Female College" approved Feb. 5, 1870; and order of Council of April 8, 1870.
Sealed Proposals will be received at the Land Office until the 26th day of December next, at ten o'clock A. M., for the purchase, in one eighth section, of the "Timber and Lumber," for the term of ten years from the date hereof, growing upon the North-west and South-east quarters of Township numbered Eight in the Fourth Range of Townships, West from the East line of the State in the County of Aroostook.
The aggregate sum of all the proposals must produce, at least, the minimum price of thirty-five cents per acre, or the sum of three thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven dollars for the tracts advertised.
Terms, one fourth cash down, and the balance in three equal annual payments with interest annually, and satisfactory personal security will be required to insure the payment thereof.
A plan of said sections may be seen at the Land Office.
PARKER P. BURLEIGH,
oct21 d&w Land Agent.

Sale of Land
FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE
GRANGER TURNPIKE.
STATE OF MAINE.
LAND OFFICE, }
BANGOR, Oct. 21, 1870. }
In pursuance of the provisions of a Resolve entitled "Resolve making appropriation in aid of the construction of the Milford and Princeton Turnpike," approved Feb. 15, 1868, and order of Council of August 31, 1870, will be sold at public auction at this office, on WEDNESDAY, the twenty-sixth day of December, next, at 11 o'clock A. M. at a minimum price to be fixed on or before the day of sale, the South half of township No. 2 R. 4, West of Bingham's Kennebec Purchase in the County of Franklin.
Terms, one fourth cash down, and the balance in three equal annual payments, with interest annually, and satisfactory personal security will be required to insure the payment thereof.
PARKER P. BURLEIGH,
oct24 d&w Land Agent.

STATE OF MAINE.
LAND OFFICE, }
BANGOR, Oct. 21, 1870. }
Pursuant to the provisions of a Resolve entitled "Resolve authorizing the Land Agent to sell certain lands in the County of Somerset" approved March 16, 1870, Sealed Proposals will be received at the Land Office until THURSDAY, the twenty-ninth day of December next, at ten o'clock A. M. for the purchase of Lot numbered one hundred thirty-three, in Township numbered three, in the First Range of townships north of Bingham's Kennebec Purchase, containing five hundred and eighty-two acres, more or less, according to a survey and plan made by Joseph L. Kelsey, A. D. 1831.
No proposal will be accepted for a less sum than forty-five cents per acre.
Terms, Cash within ten days from the time of sale.
PARKER P. BURLEIGH,
oct24 d&w Land Agent.

HOUSE FOR SALE.
Tenement No. 21, Ohio St., lately the residence of Mrs. William Babcock. Lot about 26 by 200 feet. This house is situated on one of the most pleasant streets, and is one of the most agreeable neighborhoods in the city, and being near to the business locations, is a very desirable residence for a business man. Apply to
C. A. BABCOCK, 110 Broad St.
oct25 or to ALBERT W. PAINE, Esq.

For Sale.
HOUSE NO. 116 CENTRE [illegible] two stories high, in good re[illegible] lately painted, is abundan[illegible] hard and soft water, is convenient, [illegible] in a good location. There is a [illegible] choice fruit trees. Will be sold for a good farm. Apply on premis[illegible]
oct18 [illegible]

Genteel Resid[ence]
For rent, or sale. House [illegible] two story, in excellent rep[air] hard and soft water, good stab[le] [illegible] Inquire of M. Stuart, [illegible]
Bangor, Oct. 20, 1870.

To Let.
A pleasant and convenient Tenement, well supplied with hard and soft water, corner of Centre and Congress Streets.
For particulars, inquire on the premises, or of NORTON & FARRINGTON. sept21 tf

To Let.
STORE No. 60 Exchange Street, and Wharf in rear. Apply to A. P. VEAZIE,
sept19 61 Exchange St.

For Sale.
House and Lot No. 14, Boynton Street.
LOT LARGE; buildings in good repair. This place is very pleasant and sunny, warm in winter and cool in summer; has a garden. To any one wishing a pleasant home, this is the place, and will be sold at a bargain if applied for soon. For terms apply on the premises.
oct10 1w* tf

VALUABLE
Timber Lands
And Mill Property
FOR SALE.
THE subscriber, desirous of disposing of all his interest in Timber Lands and mills, will sell on favorable terms the following:
One-Half Township No. 5, Range 4, Oxford County.
The whole township contains twenty-six thousand (26,000) acres; is heavily timbered with spruce, estimated at sixty to eighty millions, all of which stands within near and easy hauling distance of the Magalloway river or its branches, which runs through the town, or Parmachenee Lake, which is embraced within its limits.
Also 16,000 Acres of Land in the Town of Byron, Oxford Co.,
well covered with large Spruce timber; Swift river and its branches run through these lands and empty into the Androscoggin below Rumford Falls.
Also 1100 Acres Timber and Wood Land in Town of Gorham, N. H.
two miles above the Alpine House, on the line of the Grand Trunk Railroad and the banks of the Androscoggin river. There is a large quantity of wood on these lots which, from its proximity to the Railroad, is steadily increasing in value.
Also 2500 Acres Lands in the Towns of Albany and Stoneham.
near the village of North Waterford, Oxford County. This land is covered with thrifty sapling Pine timber, standing near Crooked river, which runs through the tract. Logs put into Crooked river can be run to Saccarappa, or, by hauling four to five miles they can be put into the Saco. There is a good mill privilege, with a single saw mill on the tract; distance to the canal, at Harrison, ten miles; to the railroad at South Paris twelve miles. The land is valuable for settling purposes after being cleared of timber.
Also 435 Shares of Stock in the Lewiston Steam Mill Company,
the whole capital stock being represented by 827 shares. The property of the company consists of a Steam Saw Mill, capable of manufacturing five million feet of long lumber, with a proportionate amount of clapboards, shingles and laths. About fifteen acres land in the city of Lewiston, well located for building purposes, and thirty thousand acres of timber land, well located on the Androscoggin river and its branches, from which but a small quantity of the timber has been cut.
JOHN LYNCH,
Or, LYNCH, BARKER & CO.
Portland, Aug. 11, 1869. aug17 1stf

Unfailing Eye Preservers

LAZARUS & MORRIS'
CELEBRATED
Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses.
For Sale by C. SWEET, Bangor.
J. HAYNES, Oldtown.
J. EMERY, Bucksport.
d3aw&w ly

REMOVAL.
I beg leave to inform my friends and customers that I have removed my place of business to the
Large and Commodious Stores,
6 and 7 Kenduskeag Block.
Where I have associated myself with A. S. WEED. We intend keeping one of the largest and well made stocks of
CLOTHING
For Men's and Boy's Wear,
Ever kept in this city. Also,
Cloths, Furnishing Goods,
HATS, CAPS,
Robes, Horse Blankets,
Lumbermen's Outfits,
And everything usually kept in a first class Clothing House.
Call and Examine our Stock.
Particular attention paid to Boy's Clothing.
AT WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
Thankful for past favors, I hope to see all my old customers, and make many new ones.
Do not forget the Place,
6 and 7 Kenduskeag Block.
A. S. WEED. S. B. FIFIELD, &c.
Bangor, Oct. 21, 1870. 3taw2w

DYE WOODS, &c.
50 BBLS. CAMPEACHY, LOGWOOD AND REDWOOD, FUSTIC, CAMWOOD, MADDER, &c.
ALSO
1 Case Best Madras Indigo.
1 Ceroon Honduras Cochineal.
A full stock of all goods in this line can be had here at Boston Prices.
B. F. BRADBURY.

5 CASKS COUNTRY POTASH, by
B. F. BRADBURY.

1 GROSS HELMBOLD'S BUCHU. Just in at
oct21 BRADBURY'S

November.
PUTNAM, Leslie, Godey, Nursery, Children's Hour, Peterson, and other Magazines, received at DUREN'S.

Buckwheat.
Choice New BUCKWHEAT.
Just received and for sale by
FULLER, BENT & STANFORD,
Exchange Street.
Bangor, Oct. 12, 1870.

Maine Farmers' Almanac
FOR 1871,
At wholesale, at
oct20 HIGHT'S BOOKSTORE.

AT THE
BANGOR BAZAAR.
LADIES' MERINO
Undervests and Drawers,
ANY SIZE FOR $1.00.
The Best Thing Yet.
H. W. DURGIN.

SLIPPER PATTERNS.
The LARGEST ASSORTMENT in Bangor,
Can be found at the
Bangor Bazaar.
Come and Look at Them.
H. W. DURGIN.
oct8

Something Nice.
The largest variety of LADIES' and MISSES'
WALKING BOOTS,
In nice qualities and styles in the city! (Also a new invoice of Butt work.) at
HERSEY & CO.'S RETAIL STORE,
oct12 On the Square.

A NEW lot of Decalcomanie Designs, just received at
July28 HIGHT'S, No. 3 Smith's Block

1871 Almanacs,
RECEIVED at
oct25 DUREN'S.

Millinery.
J. P. GREELEY,
18 Main Street,
Would call attention to his
FALL AND WINTER STYLES
TRIMMED HATS AND BONNETS,
FELT, VELVET, SATIN, & STRAW HATS,
FLOWERS AND FEATHERS,
MILLINERY MATERIALS of every description shades to blend.

NOTICE.
MRS. SMALL has charge of the Millinery Department. All orders will receive her special attention.
Bangor, Oct. 22, 1870.

MEN'S AND BOYS'
PLYMOUTH BUCK GLOVES,
Men's Buck Mittens,
Fur Trimmed Gloves,
Woolen Gloves and Mittens,
Ladies Lined and Fur Trimmed Gloves and Mittens, at
Bishop & Bourne's,
No. 3 Main Street.
oct22.

Decalcomania.
PICTURES, VARNISH, ROLLERS, BRUSHES, &c., at DUREN'S.
sept28

Writing, Book-Keeping, Navigation, &c.
COMER'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
Conducted with signal success for *thirty years past* by GEORGE N. COMER, A. M., President, possesses the confidence of the community, and has thereby peculiar facilities for providing suitable EMPLOYMENT for its graduates, (male and female.) Open DAY and EVENING.
Catalogues and Circulars, giving full information, with styles of HANDWRITING taught, and list of Mr. Comer's works on PENMANSHIP, BOOK-KEEPING, NAVIGATION, &c., sent postpaid, or may be had *free*, at the College, 323 Washington Street, corner of West Street, Boston, where the public are invited to inspect the arrangements.
oct21 d1taw&w4m12

Old Store
BUT
NEW GOODS!
The Subscriber still continues at the
OLD STORE,
West End Kenduskeag Bridge,
that he has occupied for the past twelve years, and as he is not paying Fancy Price for Rent, but has got a NEW, AND WELL SELECTED STOCK
OF
MEN'S AND BOYS'
CLOTHING.
Gents' Furnishing Goods,
Rubber and Oil Clothing.
Wolf, Buffalo, and Fancy Lap Robes.
Horse Blankets and all kinds of Horse Clothing,
Bought on favorable terms, and to be sold at
Prices That Defy Competition.
for I am not paying all for rent.
Remember the place,
PRESCOTT'S,
West End Kenduskeag Bridge.
Bangor, Oct. 22, 1870. 2w

COPYING.
A COMPETENT COPYIST would like work.
Address Box 961. oct26 1w*

MOSES WELD'S
CELEBRATED
AXES!
FOR SALE BY
BUTLER & HAYNES,
Sole Agents,
No. 25 West Market Square.
oct27 oow

NEW FIRM
—AND—
New Goods.
Prints, from 8 to 10 cents.
Cambrics only 10 cents.
Brown Sheetings good 12 cents.
Hoop Skirts, Corsets, and a variety of Small Wares selling cheap, at
No. 9 Main Street,
Under the Hatch House,
P. P. PEARSON & CO.
Bangor, Oct 22, 1870. tf

SHELLS of the OCEAN
OYSTERS
Oysters, Oysters.
These Choice Virginia SOLID OYSTERS Continue to arrive daily by Rail, and selling rapidly,
oct27 At Low's Market.

SHINGLES.
We keep constantly on hand, and fit to Collars
Free of Charge,
Saws for the following Shingle Machines, viz:
MUZZY.
HINCKLEY & EGERY or BEAR TRAP.
DRAKE or GARDINER.
CLOSE.
COX & PORTER.
We not only warrant these Saws to be true, and free from flaws, but also to be of good temper.
Shingle Sawyers will find it for their interest to purchase of us before calling elsewhere.
Gibson, Kimball & Sanford.
auel3 tf No. 84 Exchange St.

THE
Earthquake
Has upset prices on
FANCY GOODS,
And they are now going off with a ru[sh]
AT THE
BOSTON BUTTON STORE.
o. 21 2w

THE BEST GOODS
For the Least Money.
For bargains in Men's, Boys' and Youths' THICK, KIP and CALF BOOTS.
Also, Ladies', Misses' and Children's FOXED and PLAIN BUTTON and LACE BOOTS,
Call at
HILLS & BAKER'S,
oct18 West End Kenduskeag Bridge.

November Magazines.
Oct25 At HIGHT'S.

Cheese, Cheese.
FACTORIES AND DAIRIES;
For Sale Low to the Trade by the Single Cheese or by the Dairy.
Bragg & Wescott,
No. 2 Broad St.,
July 12, 1870. BANGOR.

HEAPS OF GOODS
AT THE
Boston Button Store.
28 Central Street.
Bangor, Oct. 24, 1870 2w

Special Notice.
THE subscriber, of the late firm of E. & S. B. LOW & CO., tenders thanks to his friends and the public for past patronage long bestowed, and would inform them that he is ready to attend to all orders in the MOVING LINE. Brick, Wood or Stone Buildings, Raised or Moved to order.
Residence, 38 Centre Street. Box 335.
S. B. LOW.
Bangor, April 1, 1869.

A Fine Assortment, of Stereoscopic Views,
July28 At HIGHT'S Bookstore.

CHANGES
AND
IMPROVEMENTS.
In order to enlarge our business, we have taken the New and Convenient Store,
No. 2 Kenduskeag Bridge,
(Nearly opposite the Whig and Courier Office,)
where we have an entirely new and well selected stock of
Boots, Shoes,
Rubbers, Moccasins,
Hats, Caps, Travelling Bags, Trunks, Lap Robes, Buffalo and Wolf Robes, Horse Blankets, Umbrellas, Canes, Gloves, and Mittens, Cardigan Jackets in great variety. Paper Collars, Neck Ties and Scarfs,
and everything usually found in a first class
BOOT, SHOE AND HAT STORE.
We still keep THE OLD CORNER STORE, where the business was established in 1834, and the Store adjoining, which will be found FULL AS EVER with a fine assortment of the goods we have usually kept.
Having most of our goods manufactured expressly for us, and with every facility for buying to the best advantage, for CASH DOWN, not cash in sixty days, we are enabled to offer the greatest inducements to purchasers not excelled by any House East of Boston. And to wholesale cash buyers, we would ask them to give us a call and we will convince them that we can do better by them than any House in the City.
Customers may always be sure of finding the BEST ASSORTMENT and the LATEST STYLE of goods in our line.
NEW GOODS RECEIVED BY EVERY BOAT.
Next week we shall receive and open the LARGEST AND BEST STOCK of
Ladies' and Misses'
FURS,
Ever Opened in Bangor,
CONSISTING OF
Sable, Fitch, Ermine, Astrachan, Squirrel, and all the fashionable styles.
Travellers on the European and Piscataquis Railroads will find our new store very convenient to stop at on the way to and from the cars.
Give us a call,
D. P. WOOD.
F. P. WOOD.
Bangor, Oct. 26, 1870.

Just Received,
A LOT OF EXTRA CHOICE
JAPAN, OOLONG, GREEN, AND ENGLISH BREAKFAST TEAS
that we are selling VERY LOW.
Persons wishing for an extra choice Tea would do well to give ours a trial.
CHINA TEA STORE, BANGOR.
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NEW
Meat Market.

Watchman, what of the Night?
Behold, the day cometh and you, when you can buy
Meat, Poultry, Vegetables,
And everything in the Market line,
Fresh, nice, and sweet!
The subscribers have opened a NEW MARKET at
No. 1 Corner Harlow Block,
(Formerly BARTLETT'S BOOKSTORE,)
where they will be happy to see all wishing for anything in their line.
Goods delivered in any part of the city.
A. H. C. RICH.
W. H. LEATHERS.
Bangor, Oct 10, 1870.

HAVE YOU SEEN THE
COLIBRI,
A Great Soul in a Small Body.
PATTEN & WHEELDEN'S.
The public are cordially invited to call and examine those wonderful instruments, the first ever brought to this city.
Bangor, [illegible] 1870.

Union Insurance Company,
Dividend Notice.
A SEMI-ANNUAL dividend of five per cent. on the Capital Stock, has been declared, payable at the Office of the Company on and after this date.
R. B. FULLER, Secretary.
Bangor, August 3d, 1870.

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834 - - - Weekly 1815.

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THE DUEL BETWEEN FRANCE AND GERMANY."
BY HON. CHAS. SUMNER.

The following is an abstract of the lecture delivered by Hon. Charles Sumner, at Music Hall, Boston, on Wednesday evening last on the "Duel between France and Germany with its Lessons to Civilization:"—

Mr. Sumner began his lecture by stating and quoting from classical authority in support of his assertion, that war, under the law of nations, was simply a duel. He then touched on the suddeness of the present war between France and Germany, which from the first murmur to the outbreak was a brief moment of time, as between the flash of lightning and the bursting of the thunder.

After reviewing the incidents which led to the challenge he described what he called the comedy of the war—Europe watching with dismay while the gauntlet was flung down, while on the other side of the Atlantic the interest was intense. Then ensued an incident, proper for comedy, if it had not become the declared cause of tragedy. The French Ambassador, Count Benedetti, following the King to Ems, his favoring watering-place, pressed him in successive interviews, when at last his Majesty, after ascertaining that he had come a third time on the same errand, let him know, with perfect politeness, by his adjutant in attendance, that he had nothing further to say to him, and this refusal to receive him was promptly communicated by telegraph for the information of the different German Governments.

THE NEXT STEP.

The French Cabinet took the next step in the duel. On the 15th of July the Prime Minister read from the tribune a manifesto, setting forth the griefs of France, being, first, the refusal of the Prussian King to promise for the future, and, secondly, his refusal to receive the French Ambassador, with the communication of this refusal, as was specially alleged, "officially to the Cabinets of Europe," and the paper concludes by announcing that on the proceeding day they had called out the reserves, and that, they should immediately take the measures necessary to guard the interests, the security, and the honor of France. This was war.

Mr. Sumner then described the scene in the French Chambers, the indignant protest of Thiers, the feeble replies of the Prime Minister, and the eloquence of Jules Favre. He then referred to the formal declaration of war and the preparations which followed.

FRANCE AND GERMANY.

Throughout France, throughout Germany, the trumpet sounded, and, everywhere the people sprang to arms, as if the great horn of Orlando, after a sleep of ages, had sent forth once more its commanding summons. Not a town, not a village that the voice did not penetrate. Modern invention had supplied an ally beyond anything in fable. From all parts of France, from all parts of Germany, armed men leaped forward, leaving behind the charms of peace and the business of life. On each side the muster was mighty, armies counting by the hundred thousand. And now, before we witness the mutual slaughter, let us pause to consider the two parties, and the issue between them.

France and Germany are most unlike, and yet the peers of each other, while among the nations they are unsurpassed in civilization; each prodigious in resources, splendid in genius, and great in renown. No two nations are so nearly matched.

Plainly between these two neighboring powers there has been an unhappy antagonism, constant, if not increasing, partly from the memory of other days, and partly because France could not bear to witness that Germany unity which was a national right and duty. Often it has been said, that war was inevitable. But it has come at last by surprise, and on a question of form."

THE UNJUST PRETENSION OF FRANCE.

The lecture then went on to consider another branch of his subject, which he called the unjust pretension of France to interfere with the candidature of Hohenzollern.

By what title did France undertake to interfere with the choice of Spain? If the latter was so foolish as to seek a foreigner for a King, in doing a German first among Spaniards, by what title did any other power attempt to control its will? To state the question is to answer it. Beginning with an outrage on Spanish independence, which the Spain of an earlier day would have resented, the next outrage was on Germany, in assuming that an insignificant prince of that country, could not be permitted to accept the invitation—all of which, besides being of insufferable insolence, was in that worst dynastic spirit which looks to princes rather than to people. Plainly France was unjustifiable. When I say it was none of her business, I give it in the mildest condemnation. This was the first step in her monstrous *blunder-crime.*

A WAR OF SURPRISES.

The war, from the pretext at the beginning to the capitulation at Sedan, has been a succession of surprises, where the author of the pretext was a constant sufferer.

Germany, perhaps, had one surprise at the sudden adoption of the pretext for war. But the Empire has known nothing but surprise. A fatal surprise was the promptitude with which all the German States, outside of Austrian rule, accepted the leadership of Prussia, and joined their forces to hers. German unity stood firm, and this was the supreme surprise for France with which the war began.

Then came the manifest inferiority of the Imperial army, everywhere outnumbered, which was another surprise—the manifest inferiority of the Imperial artillery, also a surprise—the manifest inferiority of Imperial generals; still a surprise. Above these was a prevailing inefficiency and improvidence, which very soon became conspicuous, and this was a surprise. The strength of Germany, as now exhibited, was a surprise. And when the German armies entered France, every step was a surprise. Wissemburg was a surprise; so was Woerth; so was Beaumont; so was Sedan. Every encounter was a surprise. Abel Douay, the French General who fell bravely fighting at Wissemburg, the first sacrifice on the battle-field; was surprised; so was McMahon, not only at the beginning, but at the end. He thought that the King and Crown Prince were marching on Paris. So they were—but they turned aside for a few days to surprise a whole army of more than a hundred thousand men, terrible with cannon and newly invented implements of war, under a Marshal of France, and with an Emperor besides. As this succession of surprises was crowned with what seemed the greatest surprise of all, there remained a greater still in the surprise of the French Empire. No Greek Nemesis with unrelenting hand ever dealt more incessantly the unavoidable blows, until the Empire fell as a dead body falls, while the Emperor became a captive and the Empress a fugitive, with their only child a fugitive also.

LOUIS NAPOLEON.

The fall of Louis Napoleon is natural. It is hard to see how it could be otherwise, so long as we continue

"To assert eternal Providence,
And justify the ways of God to man."

He then went to recount the number of crimes of Napoleon's life, his treason to the republic and his treachery to France.

THREE ESSENTIAL REASONS OF PEACE.

In arriving at terms of peace, there are at least three conditions which cannot be overlooked in the interest of civilization, and that the peace may be such in reality as in name, and not an armistice only,—three postulates which stand above all question, and dominate this debate, so that any essential departure from them must end in wretched failure.

The first is the natural requirement of Germany that there shall be completest guaranty against future aggression, containing what is so well known among us as "security for the future." Count Bismarck, with an exaggeration hardly pardonable, alleges more than twenty invasions of Germany by France, and declares that these must be stopped forever. The second condition is to be required is the natural requirement of France, that the guaranty, while sufficient, shall be such as not to wound needlessly the sentiments of the French people, or to offend any principles of public law. It is difficult to question these two postulates, at least in the abstract. Only when we come to the application is there opportunity for difference. The third postulate, demanded alike by justice and humanity, is the establishment of some rule by which the recurrence of such a barbarous duel shall be prevented. It will not be enough to obtain a guaranty for Germany; there must be a guaranty for civilization itself.

Mr. Sumner then considered the claims of Germany under two different heads—indemnity and guarantee. The moneyed indemnity which Prussian calculators were beginning to estimate would be considered and opposed by France as fabulous, consequential and remote. The practical question will be, Can one nation do wrong to another without paying for the damage, whatever it may be, direct or indirect, always provided that it be susceptible of estimate? Here I content myself with the remark that, while in the settlement of international differences there is no place for technicality, there is always room for moderation.

In reference to the guarantee of dismemberment, Mr. Sumner thought that France could not sell or transfer Alsace and Loraine against their consent. He favored the idea of disarmament in which security was to be found for Germany without offense to the just sentiment of France.

UPRISING OF THE WORKINGMEN.

The workingman of Europe, not excepting Germany, respond to the mandate of philosophy, and insist that the war system shall be abolished. At public meetings, in formal resolutions and addresses, they have declared war against war, and they will not be silenced. This is not the first time in which workingmen have made themselves heard for international justice. I cannot forget, that, while slavery was waging war against our nation the workingmen of Belgium, in public meeting, protested against that precious proclamation of belligerent rights by which the British Government gave such impulse to the rebellion; and now in the same spirit, and for the sake of true peace, they declare themselves against the war system by which the peace of nations is placed in such constant jeopardy. They are right; for nobody suffers in war as the workingman, whether in property or in person. For him war is a ravening monster, devouring his substance, and changing him from citizen to military serf. As victim of the war system he is entitled to be heard.

The workingmen of different countries have been organizing in societies, of which it is difficult at present to tell the number and extent. It is known that these societies exist in Germany, France, Spain, Italy and England, as well as in our country, and that they have in some measure an international character. In France, before the war, there were 433,785 men in the organization and in Germany 150,000. Yet this is but the beginning.

At the menace of the present war all these societies were roused. The society known as the Workingmen's Association, by their General Council, issued an address, dated at London protesting against it as "a war of dynasties," denouncing Louis Napoleon as an enemy of the laboring classes, and declaring the war plot of 1870 but an amended edition of the *coup d'état* of 1851.

Mr. Sumner elaborated this idea and branch of his lecture at great length, making copious quotations from time to time of the Workingmen's Peace Association.

THE REPUBLIC.

In the abolition of the war system the will of the people must become all-powerful, exalting the republic to its just place as the natural expression of citizenship. At St. Helena Napoleon uttered the famous prophecy, that in fifty years Europe would be republican or Cossack. The fifty years will expire in 1871. Evidently Europe will not be Cossack, unless the Cossack is already changed to republican—as well may be, when it is known that, since the great act of enfranchisement in February, 1860, by which twenty-three millions of serfs were raised to citizenship, with the right to vote, eleven thousand miles of railway have been opened in Russia, and fifteen thousand three hundred and fifty public schools. A better than Napoleon, who saw mankind with truer insight, Lafayette, has recorded a clearer prophecy. At the foundation of the monument on Bunker Hill, on the semi-centennial anniversary of the battle 18th June, 1825, our much-honored national guest gave as a toast: "Bunker Hill, and the holy resistance to oppression, which has already enfranchised the American hemisphere. The next half-century's jubilee toast shall be to enfranchised Europe." The close of that half century, already so prolific, is at hand. Shall it behold the great jubilee with all its vastness of promise accomplished? Enfranchised Europe, foretold by Lafayette means not only the Republic for all, but peace for all; it means the United States of Europe, with the war system abolished. Against that little faith through which so much fails in life, I declare my unutterable conviction that "government of the people, by the people and for the people"—thus simply described by Abraham Lincoln—is a necessity of civilization, not only because of that republican equality, without distinction of birth which it establishes, but for its assurance of permanent peace. All privilege is usurpation, and, like slavery, a state of war, relieved only by truce, to be broken by the people in their strength. To the people alone can mankind look for the repose of nations; but the republic is the embodied people, constituting the highest type of civilization! All hail to the republic, equal guardian of all, and angel of peace!

Our own part is simple. It is, first, to keep out of war—and, next, to stand firm in those ideas which are the life of the republic. Peace is our supreme vocation. To this we are called. By this we succeed. Our example is more than an army. But not on this account can we be indifferent, when human rights are assailed or republican institutions are in question. Garibaldi asks for a "word," that easiest expression of power. Strange will it be, when that is not given. To the republic, and to all struggling for human rights, I give word, with heart on the lips. Word and heart I give. Nor would I have my country forget at any time in the discharge of its transcendent duties, that, since the rule of conduct and of honor is the same for nations as for individuals, the gentest nation is that which does most for humanity.

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Whig & Courier.

JOHN H. LYNDE, - - PROPRIETOR.

TUESDAY, NOV. 1, 1870.

SECRETARY COX AND CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

The long talked-of correspondence between Secretary Cox and the President has at last been furnished for publication by the former, on his final retirement from the Cabinet. Its general purport coincides with the intimations previously given and the reference, in in the letter of Mr. Cox, to matters of a private and personal character, fully establish the propriety of the President's refusal to anticipate the action of the author in publishing its contents.

Mr. Cox bases his resignation upon two grounds. First: that the policy of the Interior Department on the Indian question and other measures of reform having incurred the displeasure of influential members of Congress, and his views of reformation in the Civil Service, having brought him into collision with the active political managers, he desired to relieve the President from the embarrassments arising from those causes of irritation in his Department; and second: that having originally accepted the position at a sacrifice of the prudently formed plans of his life and earnestly desiring to return to his private business as soon as he might do so without detriment to the public service, his retirement from official station at this time would be neither an inconvenience nor a disappointment.

To such a representation as this, the President could make but one reply, and in promptly acceding to the request of the Secretary he expressed his high appreciation of the zeal and ability with which he had performed his official duties, and conveyed the kindest wishes for his success in the sphere to which he was so gladly returning, with the hope that his future relations would prove as pleasant as those which had existed between themselves in the past.

The publication of the letters will doubtless be the occasion of another crusade against the President, and we shall have a renewal of the assertions that he has surrendered to the politicians, that Mr. Cox has been sacrificed at the behest of demagogues, and that the administration has ceased to have a mind or will of its own. The Democratic press will naturally make the most of this pretext and the quasi-Republicans who are seeking to ride into power on the hobby of reform, will continue to vent their spite upon the Executive for refusing to aid their scheme for the disruption of the party which elected him.

There is no doubt that in the resignation of Secretary Cox, the public service has lost a zealous and efficient officer; but in view of the manner in which he urged his release from a position held to the detriment of his personal welfare, it does not appear that the President could have consistently taken any other course than the one pursued. He could hardly justify himself, on the plea of public necessity, in demanding a still farther sacrifice of the present desires of the Secretary, and the retention of an officer in a position which had become distasteful and from which he had expressed an earnest wish to retire, could afford little promise of advantage to the public interests. Moreover, we are inclined to presume that Mr. Cox, in his zeal to apply an instant remedy to evils of long growth and difficult of treatment, has been led to magnify the difficulties of his position, and by an unnecessary susceptibility to all the little aggravations of official life, rendered himself uncomfortable and added to the annoyances that beset the President.

In accepting a position in the Cabinet, Mr. Cox was fully aware, from his own experience in political life, of the system of dispensing public patronage which has been in practice for years; and while it was commendable, to use every effort for the correction of abuses and increasing the efficiency of the service, the wisdom of attempting to reform the whole political system of the country by peremptorily banishing from one department all the usages which have grown by the force of custom into a recognized policy, and which were still in force throughout the other departments of the government, may be seriously questioned. The reform of the Civil Service of the country is a matter which has been earnestly studied by the most eminent statesmen, and its discussion has employed the best minds in the country; but as yet the intricacies of detail and complicated principles involved in a question so comprehensive, have proved obstacles to any satisfactory solution, and no system of reform has yet been presented which commands the general approval.

The reform of the Civil Service must commence with the people, and until the whole political system of the country is revolutionized it is idle to waste breath in denouncing the collection of contributions from public officers for political purposes. In every hamlet, town, and county, money is habitually expended by both parties to defray the costs of partizan canvassing. No intelligent person supposes that the use of halls for speaking is gratuitously given, that orators invited from distant States defray their own expenses, that political pamphlets are printed for nothing or that advertisements, ballots, bands of music, decorations, banners, and all the paraphernalia of a campaign are furnished without money and without price.

Who then would be most likely to furnish the funds required for these purposes? Plainly, those who have always done so, the individuals who have the most immediate pecuniary interest in the success of their party. If this custom prevails throughout the land down to the smallest local election, it is a natural consequence that the same usages should obtain in carrying on a national canvass, and until the people recognize their duty as citizens sufficiently to induce every man to inform himself by reading and observation of the issues to be decided and to go to the polls without exhortation, advice or assistance; or a system of taxation for political purposes is adopted the expense of political campaigns will continue to be defrayed by those who derive from them their direct pecuniary emoluments.

Mr. Cox's mistake would seem to consist in climbing to the top of the tree and then attempting to hack off a branch between himself and the trunk, instead of taking the slower and surer method, of assisting to devise means for cutting it down and tearing up the roots. The Secretary has conceded the principle involved by expressing a willingness that his subordinates should voluntarily contribute to these funds, and it was certainly very easy for him to provide that no compulsion or intimidation should be exercised. Enthusiastic zeal in the best of causes, is likely to lead to indiscretion, and however honestly Mr. Cox may have desired to improve and purify the public service, his precipitating of this question of political reform, as he admits, in advance of public sentiment, is a similar example of the desire for instant accomplishment, to the proclamations of freedom to the slaves which so embarrassed President Lincoln in his efforts to retain that popular support required for the salvation of the country. Emancipation came, but not by the decree of a division General; and Civil service reform will come, though not by the manifesto of a single Cabinet officer.

Henry Clews, the New York Banker, has declined a nomination for Mayor by the pro-Tammany republicans and will support Ledwith, the anti-Tammany candidate.

REVISING THE CENSUS OF NEW YORK CITY. The new [illegible] census of New York will [illegible] the count of the population [illegible] particulars of age, sex and color, [illegible] to verification. The work will begin [illegible] after the election next week and be pushed to a conclusion within a few days. [illegible] the election districts form [illegible] the present election, will [illegible] the enumeration. This action [illegible] by any doubt as to the [illegible] of Marshal Sharpe and [illegible] the President holds that [illegible] character as those brought [illegible] and Council of New York [illegible] investigation, the Mayor having [illegible] the Marshal with engaged [illegible] to keep the population [illegible] million.

A [illegible] Mr. P. Cummings of P[illegible] a libel suit against F. W. [illegible] damages on account of an [illegible] in the Reveille last month [illegible] Mr. Cummings was charged with [illegible] of the Labor Reform party [illegible] Erie ring, and receiving [illegible] the same, to be used in carrying on the Labor Reform campaign this fall; and also in compliance with the following challenge, in an article by Mr. Bird in the Journal: "I hereby pledge myself that if Mr. Cummings will commence a suit, and prosecute a verdict, I will, if I am convicted, pay all his professional fees, and a larger per diem to him than he ever earned in his life by honest work. In that event I of course pay all costs. If he is beaten he must pay costs and professional fees. Let us see who is the dastard."

CUBA. Letters from Havana, dated the 18th ult., announce that there are still some cases of vomito in that city, and there have been a few cases of cholera. The damage from the hurricane at Matanzas is estimated at six millions of dollars, and within the jurisdiction of that city, twelve millions. Bodies are constantly washed ashore. A dispatch states that two fillibustering schooners from the United States have been captured near Nuevitas by the Spanish authorities. They were laden with arms and clothing for the insurgents. Four of the crew were captured. The Panama and West India cable expedition has sailed from Aspinwall. The paying out was going on successfully and the signals were perfect.

JAMES FISK, JR., ON THE STUMP. At the grand Tammany ratification meeting in New York on Thursday evening, the speaking in the main hall was commenced by an oration on canals by Horatio Seymour, and wound up with the delivering of Fisk, Jr.'s maiden effort on the stump, which we find reported as follows:—

In response to a general call for Jubilee Fisk, that gentleman got up and treated his audience to an *opera bouffe* speech. He said: "Gentlemen, there was no introduction necessary to bring us together—you know me and I know you. (Shout good for Jubilee). Gentlemen, this is a jubilee, however you may connect me with it. It is a Democratic jubilee. (Applause.) And I am, as you know me all, Jubilee Jim Fisk. (Tremendous cheering.) Gentlemen, if there is any mother's son of you desires to speak, I prefer that you should speak and relieve me of the trouble. (Cries of "Go it, Fisk.") With regard to the Democratic party, that, I find, in power here to-night; it is the power that you have to sustain. I am in for it, and so are you. (Cheers and cries of "So we are.") I, myself never voted a Democratic ticket before, but I am going the whole Tweed Democratic ticket on the 8th of November next. (Applause. I did not know that I was expected here at all till I saw my name in the newspapers, and the papers generally tell the truth. So I take it, but you know how it is yourself. (Great cheering.) I had some hesitancy in appearing before you, but now consider myself bound to the Democratic party with twenty-five thousand votes under me pledged to vote for Hoffman. (Applause.) By some means the Erie Railroad has been mentioned in connection with the Tammany Ring. I wish it distinctly understood that is a gross misconception, for they never asked a favor of me, and if they did it would be readily granted. From my knowledge of Republicans I have little faith in Republican administrations, for I have had reason to regret knowing them. I am heart and soul with the Democracy, and if I find an opportunity, shall vote the straight ticket three times a day all along. (Cheers.) There must be in the air; and as the Democratic leaders thought proper to bring me in second fiddle, I'm here to that tune all the time. (Applause.) The enthusiasm all around me is not for me personally, but for the party, the great Democratic party, who are all anxious to win in the coming contest. I am with them and with free ticket for the matinee on Saturday next and three cheers for the Democratic ticket. I am still yours, Jubilee Fisk. (Great applause.)

The meeting then adjourned.

THE RESIGNATION OF SECRETARY COX.

Hon. J. D. Cox, late Secretary of the Interior has furnished the following correspondence for publication:

STATEN ISLAND, Sept. 30, 1870.

My Dear Sir—When Congress adjourned in the summer I was credibly informed that a somewhat systematic effort would be made before their re-assembling in the winter, to force a change in the policy we have pursued in the Interior Department. The removal of the Indian service from the sphere of ordinary political patronage has been peculiarly distasteful to many influential gentlemen in both Houses, and in order to enable you to carry out your purpose successfully, I am satisfied that you ought not to be embarrassed by any other causes of irritation in the same department.

My views of the necessity of reform in the civil service have brought me more or less into collision with the plans of our active political managers, and my sense of duty has obliged me to oppose some of their methods of action through the Department. I have no doubts whatever that the public sentiment will sooner or later fully sustain these efforts at what I regard as needed reforms; but I ought not to overlook the fact that for the present they involve opposition which it may not be for the interest of this administration to provoke, and as my personal tendency is to be rather more than less persistent in the cause to which I am committed, I deem it my duty to place in your hands my resignation of the office of Secretary of the Interior, to take effect as soon as you may conveniently determine upon my successor. The annual report of the department must be made at an early day, and for this and other reasons I believe the interval prior to the assembling of the next session of Congress is the fittest for such a change. I trust you will permit me to add that the original acceptance of the position was an interference with the plans of my life, formed, as I thought, with prudence. I return to my private business, which so far from being an occasion of violence or disappointment will only be carrying out what I have most desired to do as soon as it can be done without inconvenience or embarrassment to you or a sacrifice to public interests.

Judging that you might already have been assailed by suggestions on the subject, I have felt it due to you to write at once, without waiting for my return to Washington. With sincere assurances of my strong desire for the complete success of your administration,

I remain, truly, your ob't serv't,
(Signed) J. D. COX.

To the President.

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
Washington, D. C., Oct. 5, 1870.

Dear Sir,—Your letter of the 30th ult., tendering your resignation as Secretary of the Interior, is just received. As suggested by you, it will be accepted to take effect upon the completion of the annual report of the Department now being prepared to accompany my Message to Congress.

In parting company, permit me to say that I highly appreciate the zeal and ability you have ever shown in discharging your official duties. I hope your relations in the new sphere you have pointed out for yourself will prove as pleasant as our relations have been in the past, to the end that you may fully realize your highest expectations.

With the highest regard, Your obedient servant,
U. S. GRANT.

Hon. J. D. Cox, Sec'y of the Interior.

The N. Y. Standard says that Horace Greeley, after a conference with friends on Saturday accepted the nomination for Congress in the 6th District, Stewart, the other Republican candidate in the same district withdrawing.

LATEST NEWS IN BRIEF.

The last spike on the Mobile and New Orleans Railroad was driven at 5:15 p. m. Sunday, and the first train from Mobile arrived in New Orleans at 6:30 p. m.

The Secretary of the Treasury has directed the sale at New York of $100,000,000 in coin on each Wednesday, and the purchase of $100,000,000 of bonds on each Thursday during November.

Dr. Seymour was shot and wounded in St. Louis, Mo., Saturday night, by Maxwell and Norman Walsh, the father and uncle of a young lady to whom Seymour had shown marked attentions with dishonorable designs.

The people along the line of the Pacific Railroad in order to get satisfaction for the enormous charges for freight and passenger fares are taxing that corporation proportionately, and will probably collect from them about $100,000 taxes in Wyoming this year.

A man named Bytinger, living about nine miles from Lima, Ohio, murdered his wife in a most shocking manner, threatening at the same time to kill his children if they divulged the crime. Following his directions, the children put the body under the house and remained silent until Saturday, when they communicated the facts to the authorities.

Special Notices.

Rising Virtue Lodge.

There will be a Special Meeting of Rising Virtue Lodge, F. & A. M., this (TUESDAY) evening, at half past seven o'clock.

Brethren are requested to be prompt to the time.

Resident and sojourning Masons are invited to attend. Per order.

Bangor, Nov. 1, 1870.

Rushton's Cherry Pectoral Troches will be found superior to all others for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup and Bronchial Difficulties generally, exceedingly palatable, having none of that nauseating, unpleasant, cubeb taste; very soothing and act like a charm. Also, Rushton's (F. V.) Cod Liver Oil, for Consumption, Scrofula, &c. The oldest, purest and best in the market. Use no other. Sold by Druggists generally. nov1 sn 4m

PARKS HOUSE,
ON EUROPEAN PLAN.
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Good single rooms, 75 cents and $1.00 a day. Bill of fare the lowest of any hotel in the city. Parties coming to Boston, will find the Parks House the most centrally located, quiet and orderly house in the city.

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nov1 TuTh&S6m

LOST.

Saturday night, on Exchange St., a FUR GLOVE. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at this office.
oct31 3t

WOOLENS.

DEXTER, READFIELD and PITTSFIELD WOOLENS. BEAVERS, LADIES' CLOTHS, REPELLANTS, and FLANNELS, at

33 MAIN STREET.
JOSEPH F. SNOW.
oct31 sn

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AT
REDUCED PRICES.
WILLIAMS & GETCHELL

Have just received from NEW YORK the largest Stock of

Cashmere Long & Square Shawls,

Ever exhibited in this market.

These SHAWLS were purchased at the late Auction Sale of Shawls in New York, and will be offered to buyers at

VERY LOW PRICES.
68 Main Street.
WILLIAMS & GETCHELL.

Bangor, Oct. 29, 1870. 3m3t d&w

Over Coats.

Another new lot of those nice Custom made Beaver Overcoats, just received. Also, Clothing, of all grades and prices for men's and boys' wear, selling at the lowest possible rates. Call and see.

No. 6 Kenduskeag Bridge.
oct26 sn 1m CHAPMAN.

Opening
AT THE
DRY GOODS EMPORIUM,
No. 5, Main Street.

A new Stock of FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS, comprising all the desirable goods of the season, at low prices.

Stone & Brown,
Old Stand of Stickney & Roberts.

BLACK SILKS,
PAISLEY SHAWLS,
WOOLEN SHAWLS,
DRESS GOODS
IN
SATINS, SERGES, RICH PLAIDS,
BLACK ALPACAS, BRILLIANTINES,
CRETONS, BEARRITZ, CASHMERES, &c.
STONE & BROWN.
Bangor, Oct. 18, 1870. sn

Centennial Celebration!

EXERCISES ON THE
100th ANNIVERSARY
OF THE
SETTLEMENT OF BANGOR,
September 30, 1869,

Compiled and published by direction of Committee of Arrangement.

Contents.

ORATION, by Hon. John E. Godfrey.
ADDRESSES, by Hon. G. W. Pickering, Hon. H. Hamlin; Hon. A. G. Jewett, Rev. S. L. Caldwell; Hon. F. L. Hamlin; Hon. John A. Peters; Hon. Philo A. Rawson; Rev. Mark Trafton, Hon. J. A. Peters; Rev. Dr. G. E. Adams; S. S. Patten, Esq.; Hon. H. E. Prentiss; Rev. Dr. Ballard and others.
LETTERS AND COMMUNICATIONS, from Hon. Edward Kent; Hon. P. W. Chandler; Prof. Leonard Woods; Rev. Dr. Brewer; G. A. Thatcher, Esq.; Rev. J. C. Adams; J. C. Stevens, Esq.; J. A. Cushing, Esq.; Nathaniel Hatch, Esq.; G. D. Gilman, Esq.; Wm. Patten, Esq.; Henry Dutton, Esq.; Rev. W. C. Pond; Rev. Joshua Young; Oliver Frost, Esq.; Nathaniel French, Esq.; Thos. S. Harlow, Esq.; Rev. Wm. T. Savage; Joseph Carr, Esq., E. H. Eaton, Esq., and others.
POEMS, by Mrs. H. L. Crosby, Mrs. B. H. Mace, and others.
And a full account of the Procession, Regatta &c. &c.

For sale at all the Bookstores in Bangor.
Price $1.00.
oct24 sn 2w

KIDDER & RICE

Announce to their customers, friends, and the public generally, that they have no intention of removing from

Stall No. 1, Norombega Market,

but shall remain right there all the time, and attend to business, supplying the choicest

FRESH & SALT MEATS,
AND
VEGETABLES,
At the Lowest Prices.

Say Bangor Clear Pork, one shilling a pound, And other articles in proportion.

Thankful for past favors, we shall endeavor to merit and receive more in the future.

Stall No. 1 Norombega Market,
KIDDER & RICE.
Bangor, Oct. 17, 1870. sn 1f

ON THE SQUARE.

We are now prepared, at our Retail Store, to furnish anything in the BOOT, SHOE, HAT AND CAP line, at prices that cannot be beat in the city.

We have the largest and best assortment of Ladies' Fine Walking Boots.
French and American Kid Party Boots.
French and American Kid Slippers, in black, white, and bronze.
Flannel lined Glove Calf Slippers, thick and thin sole.
Also, a large variety of Croquet Slippers.
Ladies', Gents', Boys', Youths', and Children's Rubber Boots, Shoes and Overshoes.

All kinds of Thick Boots for Men's, Boy's, and Youth's wear. We sell the Best Thick Boot for the money ever offered in the city, and warrant them to give perfect satisfaction. We shall keep constantly on hand all varieties of our custom work. We are agents for the Patent Heel Plate Co., and have on hand a large assortment of Heel and Toe Plates for Ladies and Gents' boots, which will keep your heels on the square.

Please give us a call and satisfy yourselves about the qualities and prices.

Don't forget the place.

Hersey & Co.'s Retail Store,
Right "On the Square."

HERSEY & CO.
Bangor, Oct. 12, 1870. sn

CARD.

Thankful for past favors, and having changed my place of business to JAMES TOBIN'S, 2 Harlow's Block, East End Kenduskeag Bridge, I will be most happy to there renew my very pleasant business intercourse with former friends and patrons.
J. C. A. SCONHOLZ.
Bangor, Oct. 20, 1870.

Board.

A few gentlemen can obtain pleasant rooms and good board by applying at No. 78 Main Street.
oct21 1w Mrs. C. B. KNIGHT.

GO TO PRESCOTT'S FOR GLOVES,
Kenduskeag Bridge.
o 12 sn 2w

PROPERTY IN ENGLAND.

All persons believing themselves to be entitled as heirs, or otherwise, to estates or moneys in Great Britain are hereby notified that

GEO. V. TEFFT, Esq., of Bangor,

(Residence in Brewer,) has formed a business connection with WILLIAM GRIFFITH, Esq., one of the first Chancery Lawyers of England, and a noted author of a work on this sort of questions, and is prepared to trace and prosecute all claims of this character by means of this high connection. Can be seen at any hour, at his residence (Dr. Tefft's) in Brewer. oct7 sn

MISS CLARA F. JOY,
Teacher of Piano and Organ.
Reference—B. J. LANG, Boston.

Orders left at J. A. Crowell's, 42 Main Street, or P. O. Box 143. feb. 2—sn 1f

Sewing Machine Depot.

SINGER,
WHEELER & WILSON,
GROVER & BAKER,
ELLIPTIC,
and all other STANDARD SEWING MACHINES, for sale by
CHARLES HALE,
24 Main Street.
dec17 sn

Undertaker's Notice.

I am prepared to grade lots and do whatever is required in the grounds at MOUNT HOPE. Proprietors who desire their lots taken care of, are requested to notify me; they shall receive prompt attention and the charges shall be reasonable.

Residence, 5th house this side of Mount Hope. Orders left at H. F. DUREN's Book Store, will be attended to at once. WM. LOWNEY.
Bangor, June 1, 1870.

WEIGHT OF COAL.

Having no coals at my premises, I have made an arrangement with the City Weighers—Messrs. KENT & RICKER—to weigh all the Coal I may sell during the year. My customers may therefore depend upon their coal being carefully and correctly weighed, free of charge to them.

Orders left at the office of Kent & Ricker will be promptly attended to.

C. A. BABCOCK,
Broad Street, next Wharf north of my former place of business.
Bang r, Aug. 23, 1870. sn 1f

Wanted Immediately.
At the Alliance Wharf,
200 Tons of first quality New Hay, Pressed, For which the highest market price will be paid.
J. P. BASS, Agent.
Bangor, Sept. 21, 1870. sn

BOARD!

ONE SUIT OF ROOMS, pleasant, and convenient for a gentleman and wife, or single gentlemen at No. 3 Clark Street, between Court and Hammond Street, opposite Hammond St. Church.
oct 7 tf

City of Bangor.

The Joint Standing Committee of the City Council on Accounts and Claims will be in session at the Aldermen's Room, on MONDAY, preceding the first Thursday in each month, at 2 o'clock P. M. All bills against the city should be presented at that time.
M. GIDDINGS, Chairman.
Aug 29

Fire Insurance

NORTH BRITISH
AND
Mercantile Insurance Co.,
OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

Paid Up Capital and Accumulated Funds,
$15,000,000 IN GOLD.

UNITED STATES BRANCH OFFICE,
50 William Street,
New York.

P. M. BLAKE,
Agent,
9 Central Street,
BANGOR.
Aug 22, 1870. sn

NATIONAL
Insurance Company,
Office, West Market Square,
BOSTON.

CASH CAPITAL $800,000.

Fire & Marine Risks
Taken on Acceptable Terms

Directors.

MICHAEL SCHWARTZ, SAM'L H. BLAKE,
CHARLES E. DOLE, WILLIAM T. PEARSON,
JOHN E. GODFREY, NATHANIEL WILSON,
HIRAM RUGGLES.

MICHAEL SCHWARTZ, President.
HERBERT FULLER, Secretary.
GEO. F. PIERD, Assistant Secretary.
H. MERRIMAN, Marine Inspector.
Sept. 29, 1870.

D. M. HOWARD,
General Insurance Agent,
OFFICE, NO. 3 EXCHANGE BLOCK,
BANGOR, MAINE.

Representing the Leading Insurance Companies of New England.

Policies promptly written upon all kinds of Insurable Property in Eastern Maine, at their lowest rates of premium.
feb14

OYSTERS.

Having completed my winter arrangements for FRESH OYSTERS, to come by Express every night from Higgin's Oyster House, one of the best in Boston or New England, I am and shall be able to fill all orders from the country and city for good solid oysters at any time, when called for, at the lowest market price, by the quart or gallon. Call at

No. 3, BICKFORD'S FISH STALL,
NOROMBEGA MARKET.
oct23 3w

MR. JOHN HOYT,
Teacher of Piano, Harmony and Cultivation of the Voice,

Will receive pupils of the above branches, for a term of ten weeks, commencing

TUESDAY, July 6th,

Orders may be left at the Bangor House.
july2

PENOBSCOT
Savings Bank

Bangor, Oct. 3d, 1870.

A SEMI ANNUAL DIVIDEND of four per cent. has been declared this day, payable on and after this date.

All dividends as soon as declared will be added to the principal and go on interest the same as the deposit. Bank hours from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. and from 2½ P. M. to 4 P. M.

A. M. ROBERTS, President.
EDWIN CLARK, Treasurer. o 11 d&w

THE SAFE
Deposit Savings Bank,
No. 9 CENTRAL ST., BANGOR.
P. M. BLAKE President,
T. H. SMITH, Cashier.

Interest allowed from the date of deposit at the liberal Government rate of
7-30 PER CENT PER ANNUM.
No deposits received for a less sum than $50
Office hours from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.
April 5, 1869. d&w

Bonds Wanted.

STATE OF MAINE and CITY OF BANGOR BONDS wanted, at the Penobscot Savings Bank.
EDWIN CLARK, Treasurer.
Bangor, Aug. 30, 1870. d&w sn

INSIDE ROUTE
Three Trips a Week!

Portland, Boston, Lawrence, Lowell, and Intermediate Landings.

The Steamer CITY OF RICHMOND, Captain W. E. DENNISON, leaves Bangor for Portland, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings, at 6 o'clock, touching at all the usual landings on the River and Bay, connecting at Portland with the 5 o'clock P. M. Steamboat Express Train for the Boston & Maine Railroad for Boston, Lawrence and Lowell, arriving in Boston at 10 o'clock the same evening. The connection at Portland is so, that the train will always wait the arrival of the Steamer.

RETURNING—Will leave Railroad Wharf, foot of State Street, Portland, same evenings at 10 o'clock, or on the arrival of the Express Train from Boston, touching as above, and arriving at Bangor about ten o'clock next morning.

No extra hazardous freight taken.
Freight taken as usual.
E. F. KENDRICK, Agent.
Bangor, April 30, 1870.

Great Reduction of Fares

TO CALIFORNIA AND ALL POINTS
WEST and SOUTH,
VIA
BOSTON, NEW YORK,
PHILADELPHIA, PITTSBURG,
ALBANY, BUFFALO,
NIAGARA FALLS,
DUNKIRK, SALAMANCA,
CLEVELAND, DETROIT, &c.
THROUGH TICKETS,
For sale at Greatly Reduced Rates, by
P. M. BLAKE, General Agent,
No. 9 Central Street, Bangor.

Also, Agent for PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, for California, China and Japan.

TICKETS TO AND FROM
England, Ireland, and Scotland.

STERLING EXCHANGE, payable at sight, or sale in sums to suit. nov5 sn d&w

Sanford's Independent Line,
FOR BOSTON AND LOWELL.
1870 1870
Summer and Fall Arrangement.

Two Steamers on the Route—Three Trips per Week. Freights Reduced.

Steamers CAMBRIDGE Steamer KATAHDIN,
Capt. J. P. JOHNSON, Capt. HENRY S. RICH.

will run as follows:

Leave Bangor for Boston every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY & FRIDAY, at 11 o'clock A. M., touching at all the usual landings on the river and bay.

Leave Boston for Bangor every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY & FRIDAY, at 5 o'clock P. M., touching as above.

Fare from Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Bucksport, to Boston,	$4,00
To Lowell,	$5,00

Meals extra.

N. B. No extra hazardous freight taken.

All freight must be accompanied by "Bill of Lading" with duplicate.

Freight not taken away the day of arrival will be stored at the risk of the owner.

LOOMIS TAYLOR, Agent.
Bangor, June 15th, 1870.

LAKE SHORE
MICHIGAN SOUTHERN
RAILROAD OFFICE,
21 West Market Square,

Through Tickets for the most direct routes, to
California, Chicago, and all Points West and South,
At the Lowest Rates.

Tickets for New York, (via the Fall River line of Steamers, and by the all rail route.) Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, &c., &c.

The establishment of an office in Bangor for this popular route has proved a success. No one who has purchased a ticket but what have spoken of it in the highest terms, it being the only route where passengers can go through without change of cars or baggage.

W. A. CROMWELL,
Eastern Agent.
Bangor, Sept. 8, 1870. d&w

Another Reduction of Fare
BY THE
GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
To the Principal Points West.

Rates always lower, distance shorter, changes fewer, and time less than by any other route from the East, to

DETROIT, CHICAGO, CALIFORNIA, and all Points West.

THE GRAND TRUNK is re-laid with new rails (partly steel,) new Day and Pullman Sleeping Cars have been added, and the thousands who have traversed the route this season can testify that all its appointments are first class.

Two Through Express Trains leave daily, making unbroken connection between Portland and Chicago.

Call and get our prices before purchasing elsewhere. All information cheerfully given at the old established Agency.

22 West Market Square, Bangor.
WM. FLOWERS,
sept26 d&w Eastern Agent.

DR. LAUGHTON'S

Office hours are from eight to nine A. M., and two to four o'clock P. M.

Examination and treatment of the Eye and Ear daily, during office hours, instead of Wednesdays and Saturdays as heretofore.

Office at Residence No. 83 Essex Street, above State Street. oct14 sn W&S&w41

Penobscot Valley Steamship Co
STEAMSHIP ALLIANCE.

The Steamship ALLIANCE, Capt. THOS. G. SHUTE, will run weekly between BANGOR and BOSTON, leaving Bangor every MONDAY at 5 o'clock A. M., touching at Winterport, Bucksport, Sandy Point, Belfast, Lincolnville, and Tenant's Harbor.

RETURNING — will leave Battery Wharf, BOSTON, every THURSDAY, at 12 M., touching as above.

Freight taken at reasonable rates.

First class accommodations for passengers.

Fare from Bangor, Winterport and Bucksport,	$3,00
Belfast,	2,50

Meals extra.

Freight taken in store at all times.

For further information inquire of
J. P. BASS, Agent.
April 8, 1870. Office at Wharf Front Street

November's

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, received at oct17 DUREN'S.

The Connecticut Mutual
Life Insurance Company,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

B. PLUMMER & SONS,
General Agents

For Maine, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Canada, East.
mch17

DIED.

In this city, 20th inst., Lucretia Wallingford, wife of F. M. Sabine, aged 67.

[Funeral from the house of A. L. Simpson, Esq., to-day, at 2½ o'clock P. M.]

MARRIED.

In this city, Oct. 28th, by Geo. W. Snow, Esq., Mr. Alexander Mosberg and Miss Addie Aiken, both of Bangor.

In Glenburn, Oct. 30th, by Rev. H. Graves, Mr. E. Henry Bunker, of Boston, Mass., and Miss Helen M. Farnham, of Bangor.

In Boston, 20th inst., by Rev. S. H. Winkley, Mr. George P. Kingsley, to Miss M. Etta Williams.

WANTED.

A CAPABLE GIRL to do house-work, at 72 Cumberland Street. nov1

Agents Wanted.

Salary or Commission given to Live Agents.

U. S. Publishing Co.,
Portland, Maine.
Nov1

Open This Week,

A splendid assortment of

Ladies' and Misses' Furs

will be opened next week or any week during the season, in sets of

Sable, Ermine, Astrachan, Persiana, Fitch, Siberian Squirrel and Alaska Mink, all new and fresh.

Old Furs altered and repaired.
J. A. CROWELL,
oct12 42 MAIN STREET.

LATEST
FROM
EUROPE.

Commerce Revolutionized.

GRAND TRIUMPH OF AERIAL NAVIGATION.

Blockaders Defied.

Having established a line of Balloon Ships between Bangor and all the principal cities of the east, we shall after this date import our own goods. We have just received by the

GRAND ROYAL BALOON AEOLUS.

10,000 yards Splendid Black Silks.
10,000 yards Best Lyons Poplins.
10,000 yards Superb Mohair Brilliants.
10,000 yards Beautiful Plaids.
10,000 yards Brilliant Silk Plus'd Velveteen.
10,000 yards Best Lyons Velvet.
10,000 Elegant Cashmere Shawls.
10,000 yards Soft Lustrous Serges.
100,000 yards Most Effective New Style Fabrics for Ladies' Suits.

The above are good high sounding figures, and are respectfully submitted with the qualification, "more or less."

Come and see us; we are sure to suit you both in style and price.

Remember the name and number.

17 Main Street.
J. T. RINES & CO.
Bangor, Oct. 22, 1870. tf

For Sale.

HOUSE AND LOT corner Centre and Somerset Street. Enquire of
W. T. HILLIARD,
or R. S. PRESCOTT.
oct26 tf

Wanted.

Two or three vessels with capacity for about 150 M feet lumber, to load at this port for Windward Islands, with return charter if desired. Apply to
THOMAS J. STEWART,
At Eastern Insurance Rooms.
Bangor, Oct. 26th, 1870. 1w

No. 4 Smith's Block.

THE NEW FIRM,
NORRIS & LUMBERT,
Wholesale & Retail Druggist,

Offer to their friends and the trade, a large stock of NEW AND SELECT GOODS.

Pure Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Patent Medicines, Foreign and American perfumery and Fancy Goods, Choice Toilet Articles, Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes, Cloth Brushes, Combs of the finest quality, all the new and choice Soaps, Pomades, &c., &c.

All articles usually found at Drug Shops, we will sell at wholesale or retail, at lowest prices.

NORRIS & LUMBERT,
L. E. NORRIS, M. D. No. 4 Smith's Block,
J. R. LUMBERT, JR. Bangor, Me.

To Owners of Horses.

THE HARNESS OIL SOAP can be obtained of J. F. PATTEN, No. 1, Granite Block.
oct10

Patent Roller Chafing Iron,
FOR CARRIAGES.
For sale by hardware dealers.

It is the best Chafe Iron that ever I used.
ABRAM WOODARD, Penobscot Exchange.

No good carriage should ever come out of the shop without them. DANA SARGENT.

I like it very much.
O. M. SHAW, Bangor House.

I like it better than the Patent Circle; and you may use my name in recommending it.
HENRY F. MCLAUGHLIN, Franklin House.

It's a big thing.
FRED A. MCLAUGHLIN, Mattawamkeag Exchange.

Price $3.00.
D. W. STORER, Agent,
sept30 At the Jeffersonian Office.

FIRST MORTGAGE
8 Per Cent. Gold Bonds,
ISSUED BY THE
SELMA AND GULF RAILROAD COMPANY,
OF ALABAMA,
Guaranteed, Principal and Interest,
BY THE
STATE OF ALABAMA.

Principal Payable in Gold in Twenty Years.

Interest Eight per cent. Payable in Gold Semi-annually. Coupons payable in New York or Boston at option of holders,

April and October.

Denomination of $1000, each.

For sale at 95 and accrued interest, in currency. This road is almost a direct line from Selma, in Alabama, to Pensacola, in Florida. The credit of the State of Alabama is deservedly high. She has always met her indebtedness of every nature, as it matured, and was the only one of the Southern States that paid her interests regularly during the late civil war. The currency Bonds of Alabama now stand above par in New York. These Bonds are not only a First lien upon a valuable line of Railroad, but are also an obligation of the State of Alabama, wholly as binding as any form of State Bonds. The most eminent legal authority has confirmed this statement. Government and other securities taken at market rates in exchange. Copies of the Act endorsing the Bonds of the Selma and Gulf Railroad can be seen, and further information obtained, on application to J. B. FOSTER, Agent.
oct25 3taw&d&w4

CLOSING OUT SALE.

E. C. NICHOLS & CO.

Having decided to close up business, offer their entire Stock of

DRY GOODS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Customers should recollect that we have one of the Largest Stocks in the city, and shall make prices that shall be an inducement to all to visit our store before purchasing.

This is no humbug. We wish (on account of other engagements,) to close out our whole stock in the next 60 days, and shall do so at some price.

A LARGE LOT OF
CASHMERE SHAWLS,
Lyons Velvet, Velveteens and Cloaks,

To be sold for just what they will bring.

Come and see us and you will be satisfied we mean what we say.

E. C. NICHOLS & CO.,
No. 7 Main Street.
Bangor, October 31, 1870.

Atlantic and Young Folks FOR NOVEMBER, received at oct25 DUREN'S.

THE
Eureka Coal
—IS A—
PRIME ARTICLE
—FOR—
Cooking.

The Ladies will have It.

FOR SALE ONLY BY
BACON & HUCKINS,
Front Street and Kenduskeag Bridge.
oct14

TREES.

The subscriber has for sale a good assortment of

Fruit and Ornamental Trees,

consisting of a superior lot of Grafted Apple Trees, summer fall and winter varieties.

Dwarf Apple and Pear Trees. Plum Trees, The new grape Eumelan, Delaware, and other varieties.

Lindens, and White and Pink Acacias, Horse Chestnuts, &c., at prices less than heretofore.

oct24 3tawd&w2w42 J. W. CARR.

Room Papers, Borders, and Window Shades.

A FINE assortment for sale low, by oct31 D. BUGBEE & CO.

ALMANACS, 1871, Farmers', London, Billings, Christian, Appleton's, Catholic and other's, for sale by D. BUGBEE & CO.

DIARIES, 1871, wholesale and retail, by oct31 D. BUGBEE & CO.

BLANK BOOKS of every description, for sale by oct31 D. BUGBEE & CO.

NEW CLOAKS
JUST RECEIVED,
AT
WESTGATE & RICHARDSON'S,
19 Main Street.
oct31

NEW CLOAKINGS.

SILK VELVETS,
VELVETEENS,
ASTRACHANS,
PLUSHES, &c.,

Selling Low. Call and See Them.

Westgate & Richardson,
19 MAIN STREET.
oct31

Waterproof
Cheap, Cheap, Cheap
AT
Westgate & Richardson's,
19 MAIN STREET.
oct31

NEW
Dress Goods,
SATIN SERGES,
BLACK ALPACA,
PURE MOHAIRS,
EMPRESS CLOTHS,
THIBETS,
PLAIDS, &c., &c.,
SELLING CHEAP, at
Westgate & Richardson's,
19 Main Street.

CLOAK AND DRESS MAKING as usual.
Bangor, Oct. 31, 1870.

WINTER CAPS.

A full line. Also,

Buck and Fur Trimmed Gloves,

For sale low, at

ARNOLD & SAWYER'S,
oct31 19 West Market Square.

Doors, Windows,
AND
BLINDS,
FOGG & BRIDGES.

100 DOZEN
Tie Chains!
LOW,
AT
47 West Market Square.
Fogg & Bridges.
Oct. 27, 1870. d&w

Auction Sales.

E. B. PATTEN,
COMMISSION MERCHANT AND AUCTIONEER,
No. 37 MERCANTILE SQUARE.

Special attention given to the Sale of Real Estate at Private or Public Sale. Parties having Houses, Farms, or other Property [illegible] are invited to register a description of the same at [illegible]

R. S. PRESCOTT,
REAL ESTATE BROKER,
Commission Merchant, Auctioneer,
AND
GENERAL APPRAISER,
No. 12, - - - Central Street

J. B. FOSTER,
General Commission Merchant
AND
AUCTIONEER,
OFFICE, M. M. Insurance Office,
28 West Market Square.

Administrator's Sale.

By virtue of a License from the Hon. John E. Godfrey, Judge of Probate, in and for the County of Penobscot, granted at the February Term of said Court, A. D. 1870, I, George W. Howard, Administrator of the estate of William Howard, late of Milford in said County, deceased, shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at the Milford Exchange, in said Milford, on the Thirtieth day of November next, at ten of the clock A. M., the following parcels of land belonging to the estate of said William, and all right of redemption of such of said parcels as are encumbered by mortgage, viz:

The northerly half of River Lot No. 5, in Milford, containing 71 acres, conveyed to said William by David Stone, Jr.

A lot of land in said Milford, bounded easterly by the new road from Milford to Greenfield, [illegible] and westerly by Otter Stream, and northerly [illegible] Butterfield, containing 53 acres and [illegible] rods.

The above lots are mortgaged to S. H. Blake.

One half acre of land east of the Main upper road, and southerly of the Rogers' lot, [illegible] hundred rods northerly of the depot, [illegible] located.

Two hundred thirty-[illegible] in Hall square, in Greenfield [illegible] said William by Henry E. [illegible] Deed recorded in Penobscot [illegible] 318, page 8, and with a [illegible] mile squares to the [illegible] —mortgaged to H. E. Pre[illegible]

Lot No. 1, Range 1, in [illegible] E. Prentiss of the Hall S[illegible] and conveyed to said W[illegible] others, by deed recorded [illegible] page 300,—mortgaged [illegible]

Lot No. 2, Range 3, [illegible] of mile square, in said [illegible] acres, conveyed to said W[illegible] deed recorded in said Reg[illegible] mortgaged to said Prentiss [illegible]

One undivided sixth part [illegible] Greenfield, free from incu[illegible]

For particulars enquire [illegible] Milford, or A. G. WAKE[illegible]

GEO. W. HOWARD, [illegible]
Bangor, Oct. 28, 1870.

Bangor Business College.

Established, 1863.
Incorporated, 1868.

A member of the International Business College Association, by which the course of study pursued in these Colleges has lately been thoroughly revised and enlarged.

Practical instruction given in the following branches:

Bookkeeping,
Penmanship,
Arithmetic,
Commercial Law,
Telegraphing,
Spelling,
Business Correspondence, &c.

Special instruction given in any of the English branches if desired. This affords an excellent opportunity to those who from a want of previous educational advantages, or for other reasons do not wish to enter the classes of the public schools.

Sessions day and evening. Students admitted at any time.

C. B. LAKIN,
Principal.
Bangor, Oct. 27, 1870. d&w43

For Sale.

Two Second hand Store Stoves.
One Small Safe.
One Store Mirror.
Enquire of A. DRESSER, at J. C. WHITE's store. oct19 3t

DOLE BROTHERS,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Furniture,
Hammond Street.

BEAUTIFUL PARLOR SUITS, in Plush, Repps, Terry, and Hair Cloth.

RICH BLACK WALNUT and ASH CHAMBER SETTS, of new and elegant design.

PAINTED CHAMBER SETTS, of all styles.

Special attention given to the manufacture of COUNTING ROOM, SCHOOL and SHIP FURNITURE.

Having introduced new machinery into our factory, we are prepared to do all kinds of

Planing, Sawing & Turning,
WITH DESPATCH.
Bangor, Oct. 28, 1870. 3w

New Stock
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c.
Fine Meerschaums, Sewing Machines, & Spectacles,
WHITE & LEONARD,
No. 3 Kenduskeag Bridge.
Watches, Clocks, and other repairing done to order. oct8

SALE.

& CO.

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DS,

D PRICES.

in the city, and shall make purchasing.

) to close out our whole stock

AWLS.

and Cloaks,

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PATTEN,

CHANT AND AUCTIONEER,

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ation given to the Sale of Real or Public Sale. Parties having other Property for Sale, are invited to leave a description of the same at Office.

PRESCOTT,

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FOSTER,

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AND

TIONEER.

1. Insurance Office,

28 West Market Square

strator's Sale.

cense from the Hon. John E. ... robate, in and for the County of ... at the February Term of said George W. Howard, Administrator ... William Howard, late of Milford, deceased, shall sell at public ... bidder, at the Milford Ex..., on the Thirtieth day of ... ten of the clock A. M., the following ... belonging to the estate of said ... of redemption of each of said ... ered by mortgage, viz: ... of River Lot No 6, in Milford, conveyed to said William by ...

[illegible]

... rtiness College.

ed, 1863.

ted, 1868.

... ernational Business College ... the course of study pursued ... been thoroughly revised ... given in the following ...

... ip,

... netic,

Commercial Law,

Telegraphing,

Spelling,

... respondence, &c.

... given in any of the Eng... This affords an excel... who from a want of advantages, or for other ... to enter the classes of the ... evening. Students ad...

LAKIN,

Principal.

d&w43

Sale.

SEE, at J. G. WHITE'S

BROTHERS

AND DEALER IN

iture.

d Street.

SUITS, in Plush.

Hair Cloth.

UT and ASH CHAM...

and elegant design...

SETTS of all styles.

... to the manufacture of

... CHOOL and SHIP

... machinery into our fac... all kinds of

g & Turning;

PATCH.

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Jewelry &c.,

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EONARD,

... Bridge.

... repairing done to order.

TELEGRAPHIC

TO THE

Whig & Courier.

THE WAR IN EUROPE.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN NEUTRALITY.

South German Dignitaries Invited to the Bombardment of Paris.

Austrian View of the Situation.

INDEFINITE PROLONGATION OF THE WAR.

Prussian Accounts of the Condition of Paris.

The Population Said to be Suffering With Hunger.

GRANVILLE DEFENDS ENGLISH NEUTRALITY.

London, 30. Lord Granville in a note to Bernstorff, the Prussian Minister to England, affirms the fairness of British neutrality, refers to the course of the United States in the present war and asks why reproaches are ... here and none to America.

New York, 31. The Courier des Etats ... of this morning does not credit the report that Bazaine was in a starving condition when he surrendered, and publishes a private letter dated Metz, Oct. 6th, showing that provisions were plenty at that time and good dinner at the hotel costing but three francs.

COMPLIMENTARY TICKETS TO THE BOMBARDMENT OF PARIS.

Versailles 31. Invitations has been sent to the rulers of the various States of South Germany to come forward and witness the bombardment of Paris.

HOW IT APPEARS TO A LOOKER-ON IN VIENNA.

Vienna, 31. As Prussia still demands the cession of territory from France as a preliminary of peace it is believed in official circles here that the war must proceed indefinitely.

FLYING ARMIES.

Amiens, 31. Gen. Bourbaki arrived here ... and was greeted with great enthusiasm. He announced his intention to form ... armies with material to relieve invested places and would take the the field at the head of his forces. Vigorous preparations ... are making on all sides.

LONGWY.

Luxembourg, 31. A detachment of 3,000 ... from the army of Prince Charles has gone to besiege Longwy near the Belgian border.

PRUSSIAN ACCOUNT OF THE CONDITION OF PARIS.

London, 31. News from Paris received by way of the Prussian headquarters before that city is quite serious. French prisoners recently captured report that the troops behind the fortifications receive only a half pound of meat twice a week. Many French women and children from Paris approach the Prussian lines, and though they are warned that they will be shot if they come nearer, they court instant death than suffer starvation in the city. The rule to exclude all strangers from Paris and prevent the escape of those in it is rigidly enforced.

Five thousand French officers taken prisoners ... have asked permission of the ... military authorities through Prince Frederick Charles to keep their swords.

... 31. The Swiss government has asked Prussia to be included in the permit ... to leave Paris every week with ... to the neutral governments.

NEARLY 800,000 GERMAN SOLDIERS IN FRANCE.

London 31. A Cologne dispatch dated yesterday said that Prussia and the North German confederation have furnished seven hundred and forty thousand troops for the ... war and the States of South Germany ... On this grand total nearly all are ... on French soil. They are expected to ... the conquest of France in a short time ...

Tours, Oct. 31.

MADAME BAZAINE

... this city last evening.

CAPTURE OF DIJON.

An official dispatch received by the Minister to-day from Beaune, dated yesterday, announces that the Prussians occupied the city of Dijon, 169 miles southeast of Paris. The Prussians, 12,000 strong and well provided with artillery, attacked the city at 9 o'clock yesterday morning and the bombardment continued till nearly nightfall. The town was ... and the commander of the ... was not able to resist with his small force and was obliged to retreat.

IS NOTIFIED OF THE FALL OF METZ.

London, Oct 31. Formal notice of the capture of Metz has been sent to Paris ... large number of reinforcements for the ... troops reached the investing lines ...

BAZAINE'S TREASON.

... to the Telegram—

... Oct. 30. Previous to the capitulation of Metz Bazaine had buried an army chest containing fifty million francs. The ... has received information of this and ... him to reveal its locality so as to prevent a repetition of what occurred at Metz. ... now known that the French officers divided among themselves the contents of the ... chest. It is said that Napoleon by this ... enriched himself two million francs. ... International Ambulance Society of England are forwarding heavily laden wagons of ... and provisions. ... large number of American surgeons ... to the neighborhood of Saarbruck ... Metz and are rendering most important ... to the wounded of both nations.

Versailles, Oct. 31. The Nouveliste de Versailles says in advance of M. Thiers coming, ... visit will certainly be fruitless.

London, 31. The Germans around Paris ... holding solemn religious services to-day. The bombardment of Paris commences to-morrow.

... to N. Y. Tribune.

London, 31. A special correspondent ... from Tours on the 28th, that there are ... troops at Le Mans, but Mobiles and the ... Gardes are enroute for Rennes, ... headquarters. Every town and ... on the road is filled with soldiers, arms ... to be abundant including Chassepots, ... and Sniders. ... army of the Loire will pass through ... a large force of the infantry arrived ...

... correspondent writes from Berlin Oct. ... An officer on Gen. Von Moltke's staff ... from Versailles, the 22d, as follows: When the Paris affair will be ended no ... man can certainly tell. My personal ... is in a fortnight or three weeks, ... may be mistaken. At all events we ... the business, thoroughly, having, to ... hunger for our best ally.

London, Oct. 31. It is generally believed here in the Stock Exchange that Paris will ... determined resistance to the besiegers. ... small pox is raging with great violence ... Amiens. The disease was brought there ... fugitives from Paris.

The Polish Jews openly manifest sympathy ... France and in a more decided manner than ... nations. The Poland authorities are obliged to forbid public prayers for the success ... French arms.

SPAIN.

THE CANDIDACY OF AOSTA.

Madrid, Oct. 31. The formal approval of the candidature of the Duke of Aosta to the Spanish throne by England, Prussia, Austria, Italy and Russia is officially acknowledged by the Spanish Government.

CHINA.

London, Oct. 31. Late advices from China state that the Christian missionaries whose lives were threatened at Funkgchat, have been rescued and brought to a place of safety.

ANOTHER BANK ROBBERY.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 31.

The vaults of the safe of A. Rocheran were robbed of $50,000 by burglars last night.

THE SPANISH-SOUTH AMERICAN CONFERENCE

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.

A Conference took place on Saturday noon, at the Department of State under the Presidency of Secretary Fish, at which the Spanish, Chilian and Prussian Ministers, and the Envoy of the Ecuador were present. The powers of Representatives were exchanged and found to be regular.

The Conference opened by reading a memorandum prepared by Secretary Fish, giving the history of American mediation and the objects to be attained to wit:

"The establishment of a permanent peace between the allied South American Republic, and Spain, the former having several years ago been engaged in actual war with Spain. After reading this document the Representatives of the three allied powers observed that they did not think they could proceed further without the presence of the Envoy of Bolivia, who has not yet reached this country. The Conference then adjourned until his arrival which will take place in two or three weeks.

NEW YORK ITEMS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.

Marshal Sharpe has received no notification of a new census to be taken of this city and discredits the report to that effect.

Post's Washington special says Smith, the colored cadet, will be honorably acquitted by the recent court martial on his case.

Wm. Martin, son of Capt. Isaac Martin, of Port Chester was drowned this morning while gathering oysters.

Chandon and Malibran, the Spaniards who were arrested on Saturday night to prevent the intended duel, gave $10,000 bail to-day for examination next Monday.

The Southern Transcontinental Railway Company was organized at the St. Nicholas Hotel this afternoon under the most encouraging auspices, more than twice the amount of stock necessary for organization having been subscribed. Gen. John C. Fremont was unanimously elected President, but declined. Marshal O. Roberts then chosen, with Henry C. Stebbins as Vice President; Wm. R. Travers, Treasurer; Jno. D. Defrees, Secretary, and Richard M. Corwin, Attorney.

TERRIFIC GALE ON THE LAKES.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 31.

A terrific gale has prevailed here since last night from the south and southeast. The water of the lake is higher than at any time this season. The tug Harriman foundered at 2 a. m. off Sturgeon Point. The crew were saved by tug Compound. Capt. Davenport, of Harrison, was taken from the water after his tug had sunk. A schooner, supposed to be the Wm. Kelley, is ashore, off Windmill Pt. The crew can be seen hanging to the rigging. A life boat has gone to their rescue. Schr. James Platt, which left here yesterday for Chicago, returned in distress, with all her sails split. Great damage has been done to the shipping on the lake.

SNOW STORM.

CONCORD, N. H., Oct. 31.

Six inches of snow fell at Bristol this morning and about the same at New London. The White Mountains are reported covered.

NOMINATIONS.

BOSTON, Oct. 31.

... has been nominated for ... District by the Liquor ...

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.

... Convention of Ninth Con... this evening, nominated ... This makes three ... in nations, all claiming to be ... District.

THE WAR IN CUBA.

HAVANA, Oct. 31.

... Tunas attacked 300 insurgents where they were waiting ... arms. The rebels were ... killed.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31

... 111 a 111½.

... at 4 a 5 per cent on ...

... market to-day closed at ...

... closed at the following quotations:

1881	113½
1862	112½
1864	111¼
1865	111¼
1865 (Jan and July)	110½
1867	110½
1868	110½

... closed firm this afternoon ... are the closing quotations: ... Pacific Mail 43; Boston Water ... N. Y. Central & Hudson ... 92; Harlem Railroad ... Railroad Company 100; ... Railroad Company 120; Lake ... Southern Railroad Company ...; Illinois Central Railroad Company 135; Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad Company 101; Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Company 79; do preferred 88; Chicago & Rock Island Railroad Company 110; Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad Company 61; preferred 80; Pittsburg & Fort Wayne Railroad 93; Wabash Railroad Company 52; Erie Railroad 23; preferred 48; Ohio & Mississippi Railroad 39, ... Hartford & Erie 3½.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.

Cotton is active — sales 1,758 — Middling uplands 17.

Flour — sales 19,400 bbls. — State and Western 5 a 10 lower — State 5,25 a 6,20; Round Hoop Ohio 5,75 a 6,65; Western, 5,25 a 6,75; Southern 5,95 a 8,75.

Wheat — sales 85,000 bushels — No 1 Spring 1,28 a 1,31; Winter Red and Amber Western 1,30 a 1,35.

Corn 1 a 2 higher — sales 51,000 bushels — new mixed western 80 a 82.

Oats — sales 53,000 bush — Ohio, 56 a 57, Western, 54 a 55.

Beef quiet — Now, plain 10,00 a 15,00; now extra do, 15,00 a 18,00.

Pork is heavy — sales 600 bbls — new mess 24,000 ... prime, 21,00 a 22,50.

Lard — sales 950 bbls. — steam rendered 14 a 16½.

Butter steady — Ohio 20 a 32; State 20 a 43.

Sugar — Muscovado 9¼ a 10; Fair to Good Refining 9½ a 10; No 12 D. S. 10½.

Naval Stores firmer — spirits turpentine 46; Rosin, 195 a 200.

Petroleum is quiet — crude 11½ a 12; refined bonded at 25½.

Tallow dull.

Freights to Liverpool are firmer — Wheat per steamer, 10½.

CHICAGO, Oct. 31.

Flour active — Spring extras 4,25 a 5,75.

Wheat active — No 2 Spring, 97½ a 97¾.

Corn higher — No 2 53 a 53½.

Marine Journal.

TO VESSEL OWNERS.

Those of our subscribers who are interested in vessels which they desire to have reported in our Marine Journal are requested to send us a list of such vessels, in order that their movements may be duly noticed.

PORT OF BANGOR.

ARRIVED.

SUNDAY, Oct. 30.

Brig Abby Thaxter, Baker, New York.

Sch Fowler, Ralph, Nova Scotia, plaster to Morse & Co.

Sch Ring Leader, Snare, Boston.

MONDAY, Oct. 31.

Sch Princess, Leach, Bucksport.

Sch Essex, Homer, Warren.

Sch Hannah, Winslow, Boston.

Sch Geo B, Somes, Pray, New York, coal to S. W. & A. H. Thaxter.

CLEARED.

Oct. 31. Brig Harp, Snow, New Haven; schs Nile, Ware, Hingham, F G Russell, ——, Hartford; Dexalo, Leland, Cambridge, Saxon, Hatch, Boston, Concordia, Bartlett, Boston; Toronto, ——, Boston; Wm Penn, Phillips, Boston.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

The Brenton's Reef Light Vessel will be taken into Newport for repairs. In the meantime her place will be supplied by Relief Light Vessel No 17, from New London. A Lighthouse has been ordered for the entrance to the harbor of Hampton.

MEMORANDA.

Hon. John L. Stevens, U. S. Minister to Uruguay, in a recent letter to a friend in Augusta, dated Montevideo Sept 11th, says that nearly or quite half of all the American ships which come to that port, were built in Maine, a good portion of them owned or partly owned in Maine, and he thinks quite half of all the captains are from Maine and Massachusetts. The largest and best built ships now in that port are from Maine.

Schs S J Lindsey, which was purchased as she lay wrecked at Saco a few months ago, by Stephen Hicker of Portland, has been rebuilt, new masts and spars fitted and newly rigged. She presents a fine appearance and is considered good as a new vessel.

LAUNCHED. At Frost's Cove, Perry, 25th inst, from the ship-yard of Mr. J B Nutt, a schr of about 400 tons burthen. She is principally owned by Capt. J H McLarren, and S H Hume & Co. The steamer Belle Brown towed her to this port.

DISASTERS.

Sch Amanda Powers from Rockland for New York with a cargo of lime, dragged afoul of a brig in Newport outer harbor this morning, sprung aleak and set the cargo on fire. The vessel was besobed and scuttled, and will be saved in a damaged condition. Cargo a total loss.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

EASTPORT, Ar 23d, schs Virginia, Small, and Mary E Staples, Dinsmore, Boston; Addie Ryerson, Houghton, Alcyone, Davis and Mary A Harrison, Packer, Windsor. Ar 24th, brig Buckard & Torrey, Warren, Salem.

Old 23d, Hattie, Fairing, Boston; H K Townsend, Harper, Alexandria.

Old 24th, schs Z A Paine, Jones, New York; Montezuma, Griffin, Boston.

PORTLAND, Ar 29th, schs Willie Martin, Noyes, Essex; E L Leonard, Bunker, Portsmouth; F L Smith, Hunker, Portsmouth; Ambassador; Napoleon, Bangor for Boston; Amazon, Warren, Belfast for Boston.

Old 29th, barques Archer, Tibbetts, Buenos Ayres; Clara Eaton, Merryman, Savannah; Geo W Hunton, Rhodes, Rockland; schs Helen Mark, Prince, Camden; Ocean, Grant, Ellsworth.

BOSTON, Ar 29th, schs Delia Hinds, Wells, Calais; William Pope, Libby, Machias; Montezuma, Eugene, Eastport; Henry A Newhirt, Waldoboro; Mariel, Malar, do; Irecian, Ross, Addison; Grace, Brown, Frenton; Belle, Fullerton, Ellsworth; Col Higgins, Collins, Bangor; Susan Taylor, Parks, do; Black Swan, Worrel, Camden; Wm H Prentice, Flagg, Portland; W H Hughlett, Houghton, Wells, Caroline Kriesler, Bean, Wells.

Ar 30th, schs Kendus..., Mitchell, Calais; Carrie H Spofford, Thompson, do; Florida, Randall, do; George W Snow, Chase, Machias; Bennett, Wass; do; Sarah, Reel, do; Forest, Wiscasset; Gt Deserts, Emily, Whittaker, Ellsworth; Tyrone, Strout, Millbridge; Nancy B Hagan, Coombs, Bangor. Lost part of deck load of hay Saturday night, Massachusetts, Kennaston, Bangor, Medford, Crit, do; Arcturus, Smith, do; Boston, Baker, do; Hero, Rhodes, do; Koret, Webster, do; Adelaide, Hutchins, Stockton; Harriet Rogers, Perry, do; Billow, Wass, Addison; Franklin, Colby, Wiscasset; Mary Willey, Clarkson, Portsmouth.

HOLMES'S HOLE. Ar 28th, schs M A Coombs, Coombs, Baltimore for Boston; Knight, Yeale do for Salem, Raven, Parker, Dighton for Bangor; Python, Hale, Providence for do; Alpine, Marshall, Pawtucket for do.

Ar 29th, schs Eben Fisher, Kelley, do for Portsmouth, W B Hatfield, Hatfield, do for Halifax, NS, Ann Maria, Mitchell, do for Shulee, NS; Harry Percy, Percy, do for Bangor; Onward, Gorham, do for Nantucket, Lookout, Means, Eddyville for Boston.

SALEM. Ar 28th, schs Fred Warren, Robinson, Orland; Sarah Bond, Waldo, Banger; L Snow, Thorndike Rockland for New York, Nellie Chase, Upton, Portland for do.

NEWPORT. Ar 28th Com, Kelt, Bangor for Middletown, Ct.

Sld 28th, schs Alpine, Marshall, Pawtucket for Bangor (or New York), Sarah Crane, Holt for Boston, Raven, Parker, Dighton for Bangor.

MYSTIC, Ct. Ar 27th, sch Moses Patten, Harding, Bangor.

NEW LONDON. Ar 28th, brig Adeline Richardson, Wright, Richmond, Me, for N Y.

Also ar 28th, sch Maria Whitney, Eaton, Rockland for New York. (On Wednesday night during a heavy gale, a seaman named Nilson Jewell of Gardiner, Me., was knocked overboard and drowned.)

Sld 28th, sch Onward, Gorham, from New York for Nantucket.

NEW HAVEN. Ar 28th, schs William B Sawyer, Robinson, Millbridge; Pearl, Gookin, Saco.

NEW YORK. Ar 28th, ship Samuel Watts (new) Bryer, Thomaston (anchored inside Sandy Hook for orders); schs Ancella, Leighton, St John, NB, Statesman Noll do for Lynn, Carroll, Robinson, do for Boston; A Hamlin, Lord, do for Salem; H Berry, Farmer, Rondout for Salem, Bride, Hubbard, Gardiner, Cyrus Chamberlain, Porter, Rockport, Me; Ariel, Austin, do; Ann Marshall, Bangor; Granite State, Crocker, Boston; Gentle, Wilson, West, Providence.

Ar 30th, ship Zanzibar, Gilmore, Calcutta, June 25th, and Sandy Hook 28th, passed Cape of Good Hope Sept 1; sch Henry Parker, Georgetown, DC for New Haven.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

—The demand for over-shoes was immense yesterday.

—Venison is dear meat, just now, but considerable quantities are brought to this market.

—Potatoes are selling in Dover for 45 cents per bushel, good hay at $18 per ton, and dry hard wood at $6 per cord.

—We learn that Senator Morrill's health is improving very slowly, though he is still confined to his room.

—During the month of August there went over the E. & N. A. R. from Mattawamkeag 282 cattle, 1047 sheep; and in September, up to the 23d, 103 cattle and 3780 sheep.

—Our Foxcroft correspondent writes that Messrs. D. S. & E. W. Bailey have put up a building for a machine shop on the site of the old hoe and fork factory.

Portland has been saved from a second great conflagration by Sebago water. Will Bangor ever have the same benefit from Hat Case?

—The police seized yesterday on the premises of Wm. McCarty & John Gallagher, on Exchange street, two bottles, a pitcher, a jug and a gallon measure all containing small quantities of whiskey.

—We noticed yesterday at Kidder & Rice's market the beef of an ox weighing when dressed, 1345 lbs. The ox was raised by Mr. Benjamin P. Gilman of Orono.

—A horse with a heavy load of lime and mortar, slipped and fell while going up Hammond street yesterday, but was got up safely with the assistance of the crowd which always gathers on such occasions.

—About the muddiest, nastiest place in Bangor is where the plank sidewalk has been removed on Hammond street, near Court.—Concrete, plank or gravel is greatly needed there.

—An Episcopal church edifice is about to be erected at Winn Village. This St. Paul's Mission is under the care of Rev. Mr. Webster of Oldtown. The site selected is in the midst of a grove on an eminence at the lower end of the village.

—Mr. H. N. Greeley is to open the American House in Dover to the public, on Wednesday evening. The programme of the evening embraces a dance, supper and "general good time," writes our correspondent.

—Yesterday morning a youngster of six winters, rejoicing in a new pair of cowhides, the legs of which were pulled up over his diminutive trowsers, while tramping about bravely in the wet snow, was heard shouting to a playmate, "Say, Billy, don't you wish you had *boots* so you could come out and slosh?"

SERIOUS CASUALTY. Our correspondent, "W. W. G.," writes that on Sunday evening, as two young ladies named Bradford, employed in Dexter, were returning from their home in St. Albans, whither they had been to spend the sabbath, their team came in collision with another, and they were thrown out with such violence that both were seriously injured—one, it is feared, fatally.

—We regret to learn of the death on Saturday of Dr. Charles B. Robinson of Dixmont, at the age of 28 years. Although young, he had won an enviable position in his profession, and was highly respected and esteemed by all who knew him. He will be buried with Masonic honors at 11 o'clock this forenoon.

—Last night was "Cabbage-head night" in Bangor. A curious tenet has obtained full belief among the young Bangoreans of Hibernian descent, that all cabbages left out in gardens after the 31st of October, are the property of the first—comer, and in consequence, a cabbage carnival occurs annually on the night of that day. No one seems to know how this belief originated, but "sich it is," and the young vandals respect nothing but a big day or a revolver in their raids.

BOY MISSING. Yesterday morning, Fred, age 11 years, son of J. J. Smith, residing at No. 50 York St., left his father's house to go to school, since which he has not been seen by the family. The school boys report him as attending school in the forenoon, but since then, know nothing of his whereabouts. He was dressed in dark jacket and pants, and light vest, and wore a brown felt hat when he left home.

THE WEATHER. A snow-storm commenced soon after 4 o'clock yesterday morning and continued up to about 11, in the forenoon, when it turned to rain, which continued to fall until between 6 and 7 o'clock in the evening. During the forenoon, the street presented quite a wintry appearance, but the rain soon turned the fallen snow to "slosh" of the nastiest sort. The snow-storm to the north of us was much heavier. Our Foxcroft correspondent writes that teams started from that place for the Lake, with loads upon sleds, sleighs were used in the streets, and it seemed as if winter had really arrived.

FATAL ACCIDENT. On Saturday, Michael Goggin, gang head-stockman in A. G. Ring's mill in Orono, went into the basement of the mill to examine the bearings while the machinery was in motion. Going too near the fly-wheel, his clothing was caught in it and he was so horribly bruised and mangled that he lived but an hour after the accident. Mr. Goggin has been in Mr. Ring's employ for six or eight years and was much respected. He was about 25 years of age and was to have been married in two weeks.

FIRE. Shortly after 12 o'clock yesterday, an extremely mild alarm of fire, was given, which hardly anybody heard, and very few attended to. At the first alarm, one of the steamers was taken to the fire, which was the house and stable of Mr. Eber L. Steward, on State street, nearly a half mile from the bridge; but the flames had made such rapid progress that the whole buildings were destroyed when the steamer arrived. The fire is supposed to have originated from a defect in the chimney as Mr. Steward's little daughter built a fire to cook dinner with and went to a neighbor's, when upon looking out a short time after she saw the roof of the house in flames. Very little was saved from the house, and all the furniture, wearing apparel, &c., was destroyed. We learn that there was an insurance of $900 on the buildings and $000 on the furniture, in the Union of Bangor. It is about time for Bangor to to have some practical system of fire alarms, whereby the locality of a conflagration can be at once made known in all parts of the city.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT WATERVILLE. The telegraph informed us of the death by suffocation of "Joseph McCluskey" in the lock-up at Waterville Saturday night. Our correspondent, "F. T.," writes us full particulars, by which it appears that the man's name was Joseph Loderick. He was lodged in the lock-up Saturday evening by officer Edwards, for making a disturbance at a dance held by the French. About 11 o'clock at night, a smoke was discovered issuing from the cell where Loderick was confined. The door was opened after considerable delay, and the prisoner was found so nearly suffocated that he died in a few moments. Matches were found on his body, and it is supposed that he set his bed on fire, as he was intoxicated at the time. Many stories are afloat as to the cause of his death, but the above are the facts. Deceased was a young man, of French extraction.

ORATORIO CHORUS CLASS. At a meeting held Thursday evening, Oct. 13, at the counting room of George W. Morrill, Esq., for the purpose of taking action in reference to a class for the pursuit of Oratorio Music the coming winter, Rev. S. P. Fay was chosen chairman, and John H. Hayes, secretary.

On motion of O. H. Ingalls it was unanimously

Voted, That a class of 200 singers, to be called the Oratorio Chorus Class, be formed for the practice of such music as shall be appropriate to sing at our musical conventions, and that the class meet on the first Monday evening of November next, one session to be held each evening for four months.

Voted, That the terms of admission be fixed at $1 for gentlemen and 50 cents for ladies for a term of sixteen rehearsals.

Voted, That the Secretary of the Penobscot Musical Convention cause to be printed 280 or more tickets for the use of the class.

Voted, that, the following persons be appointed a committee to solicit attendance of singers and dispose of tickets in their several societies, viz: Rev. S. P. Fay, Geo. W. Merrill, E. F. Duren, T. G. Stickney, B. F. Bradbury, Z. S. Patten, J. A. Crowell, Robert T. Williams, S. D. Thurston, G. T. Moody, A. D. Harlow, J. C. Weston, Wm. E. Brown, Wm. A. Bartlett, James H. Haynds, H. Golden, M. H. Andrews, Wm. H. Pritchard, Geo. F. Goldthwait, H. P. Hazeltine, F. W. Hardy, J. E. Godfrey, Fred Pillsbury, L. A. Torrens, N. L. Perkins, J. M. Sullivan, F. S. Davenport, O. H. Ingalls, E. M. Harriman, J. C. Holbrook, D. A. Sargent and John H. Hayes.

The rehearsals referred to above will commence on Monday evening, Nov. 7, at seven o'clock, in Concert Hall, under the charge of the Penobscot Musical Association, Mr. F. S. Davenport, Director. Tickets may be procured of either of the above named gentlemen. The brilliant Oratorio of "Moses in Egypt," by Rossini, will be rehearsed. Books furnished by the Association.

—The old Simpson house, on Green street, near Deering's Bridge, Portland, was gutted by fire yesterday afternoon. The house was owned by Mrs. Julia Curry and Mrs. Nancy Simpson, and was insured for $1000.

—The loss by the fire in Portland Saturday evening cannot be accurately learned, but will aggregate nearly $40,000. C. P. Ingraham, ship stores and groceries, had an insurance of $2000 on his stock and $1800 on his part of the block; Alfred Haskell had an insurance of $800 on his stock; Jordan & Black, groceries and ship stores, had an insurance of $1000; E. G. Willard, fish-dealer, had a stock valued at $10,000 and was insured for $15,000.

—A new paper box manufactory has been started in Brunswick.

—The gale of the 18th did considerable damage to the new house of Wallace Chandler, of Sumner.

—The Congregational church at Farmington are about to locate permanently the Rev. Mr. Mardin, lately supplying at Yarmouth.

—Under the new regulation consolidating internal revenue districts, the two in Androscoggin county have been united, and Richard Dresser, Esq., appointed Assistant Assessor, says the Lewiston Journal.

—We learn from the Oxford Democrat that at a meeting of the Sumner subscribers to aid the P. & O. C. Railroad, it was decided not to pay their subscriptions, on account of breach of contract on the part of the railroad.

—We learn from the Lewiston Journal that Rev. Mr. Fernald has accepted the call to the pastorate of the Court street Free Baptist church and Parish, Auburn, and is to enter at once on the work. Mr. Fernald is a graduate of Amherst College.

—Rev. Orson F. Van Cise, a graduate of Canton Theological Seminary, was ordained pastor of the Universalist church in Auburn on Wednesday evening.

—Baptist churches were organized in Houlton and Fort Fairfield in 1863. The Houlton church has eighty-one members, and the Fort Fairfield church twenty-four members, as we learn from the Times.

—The Teachers' Institute for Knox county, at Thomaston last week, was well attended, and the exercises were of an interesting character, says the Camden Herald.

—The Portland Argus says, that Mr. Alexander Pride, of Westbrook, was thrown from his carriage, Thursday, badly injuring his right arm and shoulder.

BANGOR POLICE COURT.

BEFORE JUDGE CLARK.

Monday, Oct. 31st. State vs. Andrew Hurley. Search and seizure process. Fined $50 and costs; appealed and furnished $200 bail for his appearance at the next criminal term of the S. J. Court.

State vs John McGuire. Same offense and disposition as above.

State vs Charles Dolan, same as above.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT—OCTOBER TERM.

APPLETON, CHIEF JUSTICE, Presiding.

Monday, Oct. 31, 1870.

The Court came in this morning, for the purpose of trying cases referred to Court, the juries having been finally discharged.

Alfreda J. Scripture vs. Wm. H. Scripture. Libel for divorce; cause, desertion since April, 1867. Divorce decreed.

N. L. Perkins.

John W. Davis vs Angeline C. Davis. Libel for divorce; cause, adultery. Divorce decreed.

C. P. Brown.

Alice T. Perkins vs Samuel L. Perkins. Libel for divorce; cause, desertion since 1865, and that he has become a confirmed, hopeless and common drunkard. Divorce decreed.

C. P. Brown.

Mary R. Ricker vs Robert Ricker. Libel for divorce; cause, abuse, personal violence, beating, profane and obscene language to her before the children, and neglect to provide for the family. Divorce decreed; custody of the children entrusted with the mother.

J. E. Godfrey.

Celinda S. Stevens vs Cyrus S. Stevens. Libel for divorce; cause, personal violence and abuse, desertion—causing the family to become a town charge—and licentiousness. Divorce decreed; custody of children given to the mother.

A. Sanborn.

Michael Doyle vs Wm. Gray. Account for work done, &c. Defenses, payment. On hearing, the Court gave judgment for Plaintiff for $8.12.

W. T. Hilliard.

Eneas Sinclair vs Sarah Sinclair. Libel for divorce; cause, desertion for more than three years. Divorce decreed.

J. E. Godfrey.

Mace & Laughton.

We have at last the official returns from all the Congressional districts in Pennsylvania, showing a Republican majority of 4203.

WAR NOTES.

Baron Gerolt, the Prussian Minister at Washington, has received from Count Bismarck the following statement of the consequences to which Paris will be exposed by a prolonged resistance:

"The conditions of the armistice offered to Jules Favre, intended as a basis for the re-establishment of order in France, have been rejected by him and his colleagues. They thereby decree the continuance of the struggle which, according to the course of the late events, appears without a chance of success for the French people. Since then the prospects of France, in this war so full of sacrifices, have still further declined. Toul and Strasbourg have fallen, Paris is closely surrounded and German troops are advancing by the Loire. The large forces heretofore engaged near the above fortresses are now at the free disposal of the German commanders. The country has to bear the consequences of the war *à l'outrance* decreed by the French authorities in Paris. Its sacrifices will be unnecessarily increased and its social condition will suffer more and more dangerous decomposition. The commander of the German armies does not find himself in a situation to counteract this, but he perceives clearly the consequences of the resistance shown by the powers in France, and feels compelled to call general attention to one point, namely: "The special condition of Paris." The heaviest attacks heretofore made from this capital on the 10th and 20th of last month, in which the elite of the armies collected in that city have been unable to throw back the first line of the besieging forces lead to the conviction that the capital will fall sooner or later. If the time of surrender is postponed by the Provisional Government for National Defense until the threatening want of provisions necessitates capitulation, most terrible results must follow. The unwise destruction of railroad bridges and canals within a certain distance around Paris by the French, has not been able to stop for a moment the advance of the German armies. All communications by land or water needed for military operations have been re-established in a very short time. These repairs naturally regard military interests exclusively, while other destructions, even after capitulation, will prevent, for a long time the communication of the capital with the Provinces. It will be an absolute impossibility for the German commanders when the case occurs to provide for one single day's rations for a population of nearly two millions. The environs of Paris, to the distance of several days' journey, since all the stores here are necessarily required for the use of the German troops, will then offer no resources and will not permit the inhabitants of Paris to evacuate by the roads into the country.—The inevitable result would be the starvation of hundreds of thousands. The persons in power in France cannot fail to discern these consequences as clearly as the German commanders, and since, to the latter, nothing is left but to carry on the war proffered, the rulers of France are responsible for forcing such extremities."

A MODEL DEMOCRATIC OFFICE-HOLDER. In the examination of Theodore Allen before Police Justice Cox of New York, on a charge of perjury, supposed to have been instigated by Senator Michael Norton, an active city politician, one John Glennon, who had brought the charge against Allen, was examined, and the following curious story was brought out:

First—Police Justice Cox said: "I have known Mr. Glennon for years, and I think that he will tell the truth."

Second—Mr. Glennon was induced to give the following interesting account of himself:

Q. Were you brought up to a trade? A. No sir.

Q. When you were twenty-one years of age what did you do? A. I was a bartender for Mr. Ruiferly down in Hudson street; I afterward tended bar for Mr. Moran in the same place, I stopped tending bar for him about two years ago; I then took the place of Inspector of Lights and Gas; *or something or other*, in the Street Department, and held it until the department was abolished.

Q. Where did you live when you became inspector? A. I lived at No. 116 Varick street, with the same gentleman that I now live with. *Mr. Michael Norton got me the place in the Street Department.*

Q. What place do you hold now? A. I hold a place in the Public Works Department as a water policeman; at the same time I work for Mr. Cauary; I keep books for him; he is a livery stable keeper; the firm is Canary & Norton; *it is Michael Norton.*

Q. How much salary do you get? A. *I don't get any salary.*

Q. In that time what other place have you held? A. I held a place in the County Clerk's office as a clerk; I held the place near a year, *and still hold it*; Mr. Charles E. Loew, the candidate, appointed me.

Q. What was the salary. A. Nine hundred dollars.

Q. Who drew the salary for you?

District Attorney Blunt—I object; the question is irrelevant.

Q. What name did you have in the Water Police?

District Attorney Blunt—I object; it is irrelevant.

Q. What other place did you hold or have you held during that time? A. None.

Q. Are you Secretary of any Association? A. I am; the *Norton Association.*

Q. How many hours are you employed in the County Clerk's office in the discharge of your duty? A. *I never occupied any time in the County Clerk's office.*

Q. What time do you occupy as a water policeman? A. *I never spend any time.*

Q. *Did you occupy these places in the County Clerk's office and the water police in the same name?*

District Attorney Blunt—I object; it is immaterial.

Judge Cox—I sustain the objection. The question is irrelevant to the issue. I would object if Mr. Glennon tried to answer it.

THE TILTON-FULTON LAGER-BEER IMBROGLIO. Theodore Tilton seems determined to have the last word in the Lager controversy and the Boston Traveller having stated that Mr. T. had acknowledged the truth of Rev. Mr. Fulton's statement to his congregation in every important particular, Theodore publishes the following flat denial:

"I have made no error in Mr. Fulton's case and therefore have none to retract. On the contrary, the original charge which I made against that person I stand ready to prove in a court of justice on the testimony of a New York merchant whom I have known for many years, who is known and respected by many merchants and other citizens of Boston, and whose veracity is as unimpeachable as that of Gov. Claflin. If Mr. Fulton, instead of conveniently withdrawing, his threatened libel suit, will invite me into a court of justice, I will there prove that his reverence drank several glasses of lager bier in a 'Bowery saloon on a Sunday night after preaching a sermon in the city of New York. I hope that this statement is so plain that every Boston newspaper will 'now' at last understand it."

PREPARING FOR THE NEW YORK ELECTION. The Police Superintendent Kelso, of N. Y., City has issued a circular to the force calling attention to their duties during the days of registration and election. All Federal and State officers must be protected in the discharge of their duty, while the access of voters to the polls must be kept open and unobstructed. It adds there is no doubt of the ability of the police to preserve peace and maintain order and repeats with emphasis that access to the polls must be kept open. Mayor Hall has issued a proclamation offering a reward of one hundred dollars to any one causing the arrest and conviction of any person guilty of false registration.

EXTENSIVE FIRE IN BOSTON. At about one o'clock yesterday morning a fire was discovered in the stable of R. C. Nims, No. 6 Mason St., Boston, which completely destroyed that, together with twenty-five horses and a number of carriages and harnesses; also the lager beer and boarding houses of Charles Weber and John Kuhn, and the rear of the boarding and hack stable of Howard & Hackett. At one time the Boston Theatre and Adams House were both in great danger.—Mr. Chamberlain, the landlord of the Adams House, lost two span of horses, one valued at $2000 and the other at $1200.

THE TEHUANTEPEC RAILROAD. Advices from Mexico to the 11th ult., state that the first articles of the Tehuantepec Railroad Bill have passed and the balance will follow next week. The company have asked for a grant to build a railroad from Mexico to Touchenango. Mr. Nelson has signified his willingness to assist in settling the border difficulties. It is rumored that Placido Vegas has been assassinated with the connivance of Lozada.

Generals Burnside and Sheridan and other distinguished Americans arrived at Brussels Saturday.

POLITICAL AND PERSONAL.

The President on Saturday signed the commission of Columbus Delano as Secretary of the Interior from Nov. 1. He also appointed Benj. F. Farquhar of Mass, Consul of Bombay, Wm. H. Thomson, R. I., Consul at Cork, Arthur Livermore of N. H., Consul at Londonderry. Secretary Cox retired from the Interior Department Saturday, and with his family would immediately leave Washington for Ohio.

The census of New York city is at once to be retaken under the auspices of the Municipal Government with a view to the coming election.

Gov. McClurg of Missouri has written a letter to the St. Louis Times opposing the constitutional amendment enfranchising rebels. J. Milton Turner, a popular colored orator on McClurg's side, who has taken strong grounds against the constitutional amendment during the canvass, came out in favor of them in a speech Saturday night and announced himself as an independent candidate for Congress in that district.

A letter recently received by a prominent Maine Republican from Gen. Woodford, the Republican candidate for Governor, states that "by the blessing of God, and the aid of the military in enforcing the registration laws in New York city and Brooklyn," he has great hope of an election.

The steamer Pereire, which sailed from New York Saturday, took a few recruits for the French army, 85,000 stand of arms and a half million cartridges and a quantity of military stores and provisions. The cargo is valued at nearly $800,000. The steamer ... tario is loading a similar cargo and will sail during the week.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

FROM INCREASED PHYSICAL AND MENTAL STRENGTH of persons who use Fellows's COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES, their augmented faculty of endurance, the regular and healthy action of Heart, Lungs, Stomach and Bowels, their improved appearance, demonstrate to thousands of cases within our knowledge ... power of restoring the great sympathetic ... muscular system on which full and healthy development depends is certain.

PARKS HOUSE, BOSTON.—This house located at 187 Washington street, Boston, has recently been put in excellent order. It is kept on the European plan, and parties visiting the city and desiring convenient and pleasant lodging will find their rooms ... and a clean and comfortable bed. Board by the day or week, at reasonable prices. Single rooms at 75 cents and $1 a day. See advertisement in another column. nov 1

BY SPECIAL REQUEST, Mrs. Manchester, the celebrated Physician, will remain in Bangor till the 7th of November. She will positively leave then, and go to Mattawamkeag and remain one week only.

LYNDE HOTEL, ROCKLAND, a new, commodious and pleasant first class house, has been opened for travelers and summer boarders. Rockland has long needed just such a house, and we have no doubt a liberal patronage will be extended to the enterprising proprietor.

Coal, Coal.

I have received a cargo of the Old Company Lehigh Coal for my own use, but having received more than I ordered, I offer the balance for as less than the market price, the quality is extra.

Bangor Oct 26th, 1870. M. SCHWARTZ

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

HORSE BLANKETS & LAP ROBES

—IS AT—

No. 6 Central Street.

W. H. SAWTELLE.

Bangor, Oct. 29, 1870. 1w

The Abbott Family School

FOR BOYS,

AT

LITTLE BLUE, FARMINGTON, MAINE

The Fifty-third Semi-Annual Session of this successful Institution will begin

28th of November, 1870,

And continue eighteen weeks, at a charge of $1 ... which includes all expenses.

ALDEN J. BLETHEN,

oct28 8w Principal.

WEBSTER HOUSE

38 Hanover St., Boston,

A. FISHER, Proprietor.

FRANK S. BROCKWAY, CLERK.

The above house having been re-fitted now open to the public.

Board, 7 00 per week, and upwards, according to Rooms. Transient, 2 00 per Day; Lodgings 75 cents, and 1 00 per night.

A first class Barber Shop, and Hot and Cold Baths in the House.

My intention is to make this house a Home, FACE for Travellers. The Table and accommodations are at least equal to any in this City, and superior to many whose pretentions are far greater. In the heart of business, the most convenient to northern and eastern travel, and of easy access to all places of amusement.

oct28 3m

JUST RECEIVED,

A large assortment of

Millinery,

Hosiery, Gloves,

AND

FANCY GOODS,

AT THE

BONNET BLEACHERY,

No. 7 State Street.

M. E. COOMBS.

Bangor, Oct. 24, 1870.

Wanted.

A HORSE SHOER, none but first class workmen need apply. Address

F. A. McLAUGHLIN, Mattawamkeag.

oct28 1w

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

OF

FLEECE LINED & MERINO

HOSE,

FOR LADIES & MISSES,

At Prices 25 to 87½ cts. per pair,

Also, a full line of Misses and Children's

Striped Woolen Hose

AT VERY LOW PRICES,

AT THE

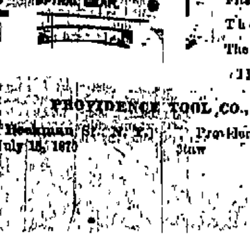
BOSTON BUTTON STORE,

28 Central Street.

Bangor, Oct. 24, 1870. 2w

Reliance Wringer,

IMPROVED,



Moulton rolls.

White Rubber. Spiral Cogs. Easy working. Has curved clamp. Fits any Tub. The Best. The cheapest. TRY IT.

PROVIDENCE TOOL CO.,

98 Beekman St., N. Y. Providence, R. I.

July 15, 1870 3taw 1y

THE

CENTRAL RAILROAD,

OF IOWA,

CONNECTING ST. LOUIS AND ST. PAUL,

Now Nearly Completed.

This road is built by a Company of strong capitalists, who have pushed their work forward at a rapid rate.

ONE MILLION

OF THE

1st Mortgage Bonds

of the Company remain, which are offered at the very low rate of

90 and Accrued Interest.

Among their advantages are—

1st. The road is nearly finished, and the cars are expected to run across the State in 60 days.

2d. The road has been built only of the best material, the iron having been manufactured expressly for it, at a much higher cost than that usually paid.

3d. It runs through a most superb agricultural country.

4th. It has great advantages in carrying coal ...

[illegible]

P. M. BLAKE,

[illegible]

... AS A THOROUGHLY SAFE AS WELL AS PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.

JAY COOKE & CO.

20 Wall Street, New York.

LINCOLN HOUSE

H. G. COBLEN, Proprietor.

[illegible]

H. G. COBLEN.

FREE FROM U. S. TAXES.

[illegible]

1st Mortgage Bonds

$1,500,000,

OF THE

St. Joseph and Denver City

RAILROAD COMPANY.

[illegible]

TANNER & CO.,

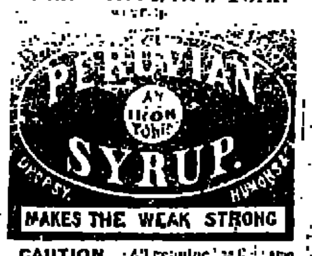
...

49 Wall Street, New York.

W. P. CONVERSE & CO.

...

54 Pine Street, New York.



CAUTION. All genuine has "Peruvian Syrup," (not "Peruvian Bark,") blown in the glass. ... New York. Sold by all Druggists.

State of Maine.

[illegible]

State of Maine.

[illegible]

Lace Department.

Stern & Atkins,

56 Main Street,

Have just received a splendid line of

REAL and IMITATION LACES,

in Valenciennes, Thread, Cluny, Guipure, Duchesse, and Smyrna. Also some exquisite patterns in

HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES.

All the new shapes in lace and linen Collars and Cuffs; Chemisettes, stamped Yokes, &c.

HANDKERCHIEFS

in linen, lawn, hemmed, tucked, embroidered, and bordered.

INFANTS' WAISTS

at all prices, and

TIDIES

in lace and crochet.

Hosiery Department.

Stern & Atkins,

56 Main Street.

[illegible]

Ladies' Furnishing Department.

Stern & Atkins,

56 Main Street.

[illegible]

Worsted Department.

Stern & Atkins,

56 Main Street.

[illegible]

Trimming Department.

Stern & Atkins,

56 Main Street.

[illegible]

Fancy Goods Department.

Stern & Atkins,

56 Main Street.

[illegible]

Administratrix' Notice.

[illegible]

Administrator's Notice.

[illegible]

Bank of the Metropolis,

Nos. 41 and 43 State Street,

BOSTON.

[illegible]

FRANCE VERSUS GERMANY.

BY L. L. OIST.

August 2, 1870—SAARBRUCK.
September 2, 1870—SEDAN.

Who could have dreamed it so,
But one short month ago?
When the proud Despot started for the Rhine,
With all his armies vast, in serried line,
(In sooth a gallant show!)
When, at Saarbruck, the first fierce shot was hurled,
Whose thunder echoed round a startled world—
That ere the month were past—
His armies shattered, and their prestige gone,
Reft of his friends, his power, his stolen crown—
His overthrow complete—
The Usurper thus would haste
All abjectly to cast
The unfleshed sword, so lately girded on
With such brave words *ere yet it had been drawn*—
Down at his Conqueror's feet!
Sure, since in conflict first
Man with his fellow-man rude warfare waged,
Was this, in which the Tyrant then engaged,
Most causeless, most accursed!
And, since the Corsican
Was from his giddy height of power hurled,
No Despot's *utter fall* has dazed the world,
Wrought in so brief a span!

The Nations were at peace
Each striving to increase
Its wealth by industry and those wise arts
Which truest greatness to a land imparts,
(Such spoils hath PEACE alone!)
Each needed time and rest to heal past scars,
Each had large debt to pay for bygone wars,
Each had enough of Glory won!
It was not FRANCE with GERMANY that jarred,
It was the *Despot* who with *Freedom* warred,
(As he had ever done!)
The Traitor, who confiding France betrayed,
The Perjurer, who mocked all oaths he made;
Who, seeking thus to prop his tottering throne,
So he might leave the Sceptre to his Son—
With shallow, false pretext,
Proclaimed the War which has let loose this flood
Of Death and Carnage, Woe and Strife and Blood,
Ne'er dreaming that the next
Unerring record in the Book of Fate
Should be his fall! Nor long had we to wait
To read in language plain,
The Judgments just of "Him who cannot err":
LO! HE IS FALLEN! Cast down, like Lucifer,
Never to rise again!

Now let the conflict cease!
And, since the Usurper from his power is hurled,
Again let white-robed Peace
Spread her fair mantle o'er a gladdened world!

For *Him*, or such as he,
No sympathy have we!
And while *he led* his cohorts to the fight,
Arrayed against him reason, truth and right,
Our sympathies could only be with those
Who stood for "Fatherland" against their foes,
And still with them it lies,
So long as they shall seek but just redress
For their late wrongs—one can expect no less;
Yet must we sympathize
With FRANCE too, with the sword thrust against her breast,
Not drawn and pointed only now, but *pressed*,
For us to see were saddest sight on earth—
Her young Republic strangled in its birth!
Never can we forget
The land of LAFAYETTE!
Who, when our Nation struggled for its birth
Against the mightiest power of the earth,
Faint, weak and sore dismayed,
Gave us her vital aid.
Mixed though her motives were in doing so,
Part love for us, more hatred of our foe,
Still, for the act, our gratitude we owe!
And can we see, arrayed
In arms, an overwhelming foe, in FRANCE,
E'en to her very capital advance,
Without regret for *her*? It may not be;
FRANCE claims and *must* receive our sympathy!

And GERMANY, no less,
Who, in our sore distress,
When foul Rebellion reared its rampant head;
And ENGLAND made glad haste to hail it—*dead!*
When FRANCE—not FRANCE, but her Imperial Snob—
Performed in Mexico that dirty job
While, at the saddest strife it ever saw,
The wonder-stricken world looked on in awe—
Then all Germany through,
The German heart beat true,
In earnest sympathy with our distress,
While others sneered or faltered,
The German faith ne'er faltered
In our just case, and in its full success!
They felt the principle for which we fought,
Sustained our credit and our bonds still bought;
While Germans here, spread over all our land,
"Rallied around the Flag," with heart and hand,
And German blood, commingled with our own,
Flowed freely, till the Nation's life was won!

So, can we now be blamed,
That with *both* Nations, thus we sympathize?
That we would fain see *neither* made a prize,
But rather Peace proclaimed!
That thus we still may speak
Our warmest wishes for both nations grand
Our mingled cries still cross old Ocean's strand,
Of—"*Lebe hoch das Deutsche Vaterland*"
And "*Vive la République!*"

[N. Y. Evening Post.

ALL SORTS AND SIZES.

Seven counties in Kansas work coal mines.

Texas has gone into the castor oil business.

Now a tidal wave is predicted for next month.

A dying Georgian has directed an old well to be used as his grave.

The New York post office has only thirty-men engaged on it.

Vanity is a strong drink that makes all the virtues stagger.

Every good act is a flower that will beautify our final home.

Sweet potato juice is the Jersey cosmetic for clear complexions.

The streets of Lafayette, Ind., are paved with two feet of old boots and hoopskirts.

Mrs. Lena Ruden, who is lecturing in Indiana against woman suffrage, is a Cherokee Indian, and educated herself.

Wendell Phillips of Oshkosh solemnly avers that Henry Clay and Daniel Webster robbed him the other night.

A son of Brigham Young is going to marry a newly established female seminary all but the French dancing master.

The Prussian field post-office department receives about 40,000 letters, and sends to Germany over 200,000 every day.

A contemporary tells of a drug store, the sign whereof reads, "Physicians' prescriptions carefully confounded."

Judge Baily of Demopolis, Ala., was so affected by the news of the death of General Lee that he died instantly while sitting in his chair.

Mrs. Stowe says that in America no woman over dies for want of speaking her mind. This, however, accounts for much of the mortality among men.

At St. Joseph, Michigan, the approach of storms is indicated by the escape of gas with a loud roaring from a deep well of Captain C. Boughton.

A learned doctor has given his opinion that tight lacing is a public benefit, inasmuch as it kills off all the foolish girls and leaves the wise ones to grow into women.

A man in Milwaukee, who professed to be engaged in the "construction of a six-bladed horse and a leather frying-pan," was taken to a lunatic asylum.

A sweet thing for a head-dress in Gotham is a coronet of glass Geissler tubes filled with colored electric rays, emanating from a small galvanic battery set in a chignon.

Mr. Blanchard is having considerable trouble in persuading a jury at Schenectady that it was all right for him to marry three wives without any intervening funerals or divorces.

The Cincinnati Commercial claims for Georgie A. Gray, Jr., of that city, the honor of conceiving the idea of the Gatling gun or mitrailleuse. The first one was constructed there in 1861.

It has been found difficult to get a crew for the iron armor plated turret ship Cerberus, bound from England to Australia. Sailors do not like to engage in such ships after the fearful fate of the Captain.

The Canada papers continue to report damages by the recent earthquake. At Baie St. Paul seventeen houses were much damaged. At Lee Eboulements the church and ten houses were injured and two children were killed.

A fiery volcano of large proportions has suddenly appeared in the interior of Mexico. Whether its appearance had anything to do with the recent earthquake in this quarter the scientifics have not informed us.

"Do you mean to challenge the jury?" whispered a lawyer to his Irish client. "Yes, be jabers!" was the answer; "if they don't acquit me I mean to challenge every spalpeen of 'em; I want ye to give them all a hint of it, too."

A young Fond du Lacker got wet while hunting and stood in front of the fire to dry, with two pounds of powder in his coat tail pocket. When he went out he took the door along with him, and he has more bumps on his head than any phrenologist knows of.

A stringent measure relating to the traffic in strong drink has been introduced into the Vermont Legislature. It imposes a fine of $10 for the first offense on every person who shall sell intoxicating beverages in violation of law, and the same fine with imprisonment for the second offence. It also imposes a fine on persons who shall be found in a state of intoxication, of $50 for each offence.

"RUINED BY CHINESE CHEAP LABOR."—The San Francisco News Letter tells the following, which reads like one of the characteristic, occidental sketches from the racy "Overland" boiled down:

One day in '49 an honest miner up in Calaveras bit himself with a small snake of the garter variety, and either in a possible anticipation or with a determination to enjoy the brief remnant of a wasted life, he applied a brimming jug of whiskey to his lips and kept it there until like a repleted leech—which in no other respect it resembled—it fell off. The man fell off likewise. The next day, while the body lay in state on a pine slab, and the bereaved partner of the deceased was unbending in a game of seven-up with a friendly Chinaman, the game was interrupted by a familiar voice which seemed to proceed from the jaws of the corpse:

"I say, Jim!"

Bereaved partner played king of spades and claimed "high," then looking over his shoulder at the melancholy remains replied,

"Well, what is it Dave? I'm busy."

"Say, Jim!" repeated the corpse in the same measured tone.

With a look of intense annoyance, and muttering something about "people that could never stay dead more'n a minute," the bereaved partner rose and stood over the body with his cards in his hands.

"Jim," continued the mighty dead, "how fur's this thing gone?"

"I've paid the Chinaman two and a half to dig the grave," responded the bereaved.

"Did he strike anything?"

The Chinaman looked up: "Me strikee pay dirt; me no bury dead 'Mellean in 'em grave. Me keep 'em claim."

The corpse sat up rigidly: "Jim, git my revolver and chase that pig-tail off. Jump his sepulchre, and tax his camp five dollars each for prospectin' on the public domain. These Mungolyun hordes hev got to get under.—And—I—say—Jim! 'f any more serpents come foolin' round here, drive 'em off. 'Taint right to be bitin' a feller when whiskey's two dollars a gallon. Dern all foreigners, anyhow."

And the mortal part pulled on its boots.—Such, dear reader, was the origin of the coolie movement.

DOES DAIRYING IMPROVE LAND. In reply to a question as to the effect of dairying on the general fertility of the farms in Herkimer County, N. Y., or elsewhere, Mr. X. A. Willard replies as follows in the Rural New Yorker:—

There is no question but that lands may be kept in fertility and increased in productiveness with more ease and less expense under the dairy than under a system of grain growing. The dairy farmer has the means, at his command for making large quantities of manure. That he is wasteful of this material, and injudicious in its application it may be often, and perhaps as a general rule, is charged against him. Still, under all mismanagement in this regard, it is believed that dairy lands are steadily improving in the elements of fertility, and are now in better heart for grain crops than when grain-growing was made the business of the farm. It is true that upon many farms the yield of grass is much less than it should be, but this is not so much on account of any lack of fertility in the soil as from neglect of proper culture—allowing weeds to creep in, overstocking pastures, feeding down the aftermath of meadow, cutting grass when over ripe, and other abuses which, in time, has served to lessen the product. When farms have been properly managed, and have received the liquid and solid excrement of the stock, judiciously applied, they have been wonderfully improved, and are annually yielding immense crops.

The dairymen of Central New York, where dairying has for a long time been followed as a specialty, are generally "well off" as to worldly goods," and in wealth will compare favorably with farmers in any other part of the State. Dairy lands, we think have increased in value more rapidly than the grain lands of this State.

Herkimer County, the oldest cheese dairying county in New York, contains about 278,000 acres of improved land. This is divided up into two thousand farms of fifty acres and over, and a thousand farms running from three to twenty acres; or in all, say about three thousand farms. The value of products taken from the farm in 1864, according to the State census, was as follows.—

Dairy products	$3,157,129
Grain products	1,399,760
Some thirteen other products	2,2[illegible]

Total agricultural products for one year $6,701,701.

Now, if this sum was equally divided among the 3000 farms, it would give each farm $2203 as the average income. But as there are 1000 farms that run from three to twenty acres, or that are under fifty acres each, some idea may be had as to whether the farming is as productive in its results as in other sections. If we have figured correctly, the average product per acre in 1864 amounted to some $24. The highest annual product of cheese sold from the county has been a little above 18,000,000 pounds. In 1864 the cheese crop was only a little over 13,000,000 pounds.

OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Passed to the Second Session of the Forty-first Congress.

By the President of the United States of America:

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas an additional article to the convention for regulating the jurisdiction of consuls, between the United States of America and his Majesty the King of Italy, was concluded and signed by their respective plenipotentiaries at Washington, on the twenty-first day of January, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, which additional article being in the English and Italian languages, is word for word as follows:—

The exchang[illegible] ...tions of the convention for regulating the [illegible] of consuls, between the United States [illegible] Majesty the King of Italy, which was sign[illegible] [illegible] of February, 1868, having been unavoi[illegible] [illegible] beyond the period stipulated in Arti[illegible] It is agreed between the high contracti[illegible] that the said convention shall have the [illegible] and effect as it would have had if the exc[illegible] been effected within the stipulated peri[illegible]

In witness w[illegible] respective plenipotentiaries have signed the [illegible] article in duplicate, and have affixed th[illegible] of their arms.

Done at Was[illegible] the 21st day of January, 1869.

[SEAL] WILLIAM H. SEWARD.
[SEAL] M. CERRUTI.

And whereas the said addition article has been duly ratified on both parts, and the respective ratifications were exchanged in Washington, on the 7th instant:

Now, therefore, be it known that, U S GRANT President of the United States of America, have caused the said additional article to be made public to the end that the same and every clause and article thereof may be observed and fulfilled with good faith by the United States and citizens thereof.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this eleventh day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety-third.

[SEAL] U. S. GRANT.

By the President:
HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State.

Convention between the United States of America and France concerning Trade Marks.

By the President of the United States of America:

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas a convention between the United States of America and his imperial Majesty the Emperor of the French was concluded and signed by their respective plenipotentiaries at the city of Washington on the sixteenth day of April last, which convention, being in the English and French languages, is word for word as follows:—

The United States of America and his Majesty the Emperor of the French, desiring to secure in their respective territories a guarantee of property in trade marks have resolved to conclude a special convention for this purpose, and have named as their plenipotentiaries; the President of the United States, Hamilton Fish, Secretary of State, and his Majesty the Emperor of the French, J Berthemy, Commander of the Imperial Order of the Legion of Honor &c, &c, &c, accredited as his envoy extraordinary, and minister plenipotentiary to the United States; and the said plenipotentiaries, after an examination of their respective full powers, which were found to be in good and due form, have agreed to and signed the following articles:

Every reproduction in one of the two countries of trade marks affixed in the other to certain merchandise to prove its origin and quality, is forbidden, and shall give ground for an action for damages in favor of the injured party, to be prosecuted in the courts of the country in which the counterfeit shall be proven, just as if the plaintiff were a subject or citizen of that country.

The exclusive right to use a trade mark for the benefit of citizens of the United States in France, or of French subjects in the territory of the United States, cannot exist for a longer period than that fixed by the law of the country for its own citizens.

If the trade mark has become public property in the country of its origin, it shall be equally free to all in the other country.

If the owners of trade marks, residing in either of the two countries, wish to secure their rights in the other country, they must deposit duplicate copies of those marks in the patent office at Washington, and in the clerk's office of the Tribunal of Commerce of the Seine, at Paris.

The present arrangement shall take effect ninety days after the exchange of ratifications by the two governments, and shall continue in force for ten years from this date.

In case neither of the two high contracting parties gives notice of its intention to discontinue this convention, twelve months before its expiration, it shall remain in force one year from the time that either of the high contracting parties announces its discontinuance.

The ratifications of this present arrangement shall be exchanged at Washington within ten months, or sooner, if possible.

In faith whereof the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the present convention in duplicate And affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Done at Washington, the sixteenth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine.

[SEAL] HAMILTON FISH.
[SEAL] BERTHEMY.

And whereas the said convention has been duly ratified on both parts, and the respective ratifications of the same were exchanged at Washington, on the 3d instant, by J C B Davis, acting Secretary of State of the United States, and Count Faverney, charge d'affaires of his Imperial Majesty the Emperor of the French at Washington, on the part of their respective governments:

Now, Therefore, be it known that I, Ulysses S. Grant, President [illegible] have caused the said [illegible] to the end that the [illegible] thereof, may be [illegible] faith by the United States [illegible]

In witness whereof [illegible] my hand, and caused [illegible] to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington [illegible] of July, in the year [illegible] hundred and sixt[illegible] the United States [illegible]

[U S SEAL]

By the President:
J C BANCROFT [illegible]

By the President [illegible]
[illegible] ALEX. L. MALIN [illegible]

Whereas a convention [illegible] America and th[illegible] the adjustmen[illegible] country against [illegible] by their resp[illegible] of Lima, on the [illegible] year of our Lor[illegible] sixty-eight, whi[illegible] lish and Spani[illegible]

[illegible]

... said tracts, and for a space of two feet beyond the outer rail thereof, and also the space between the tracks, so far as the same are laid within the limits of the city of Washington, at all times well paved and in good order, with such material as the United States or the said city may require; and whenever the road shall be extended beyond the limits of said city as hereinbefore provided, the said corporation shall be bound to keep said tracks, and for a space of two feet beyond the outer rail thereof, and also the space between the tracks, well graveled or paved and in good order, so as not to impede the general travel on said roads by vehicles or otherwise, without expense to the county of Washington.

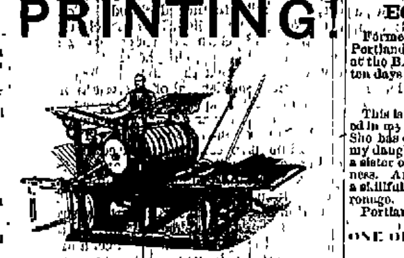
SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That nothing in this act shall prevent the government at any time at its option, from altering the grade, or otherwise improving all avenues and streets occupied by said road, or the city of Washington from so altering and improving such streets and avenues and the sewers thereof, as may be under their respective authority and control; and in such event it shall be the duty of said company to change their said railway as to conform to such grade and pavement.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That this act may at any time be altered, amended, or repealed by the Congress of the United States.

SEC. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That nothing in this act shall be so construed as to authorize said body corporate to issue any note, token, device, scrip, or other evidence of debt to be used as currency.

SEC. 9. *And be it further enacted*, That the capital stock of said company shall not be less than one hundred thousand dollars nor more than four hundred thousand dollars, and that the same shall be divided into shares of fifty dollars each, and shall be deemed personal property, transferable in such manner as the by-laws of said company may direct.

JOB PRINTING!



THE BANGOR
DAILY
WHIG AND COURIER,
OFFICE,
Kenduskeag Bridge.

ALL KINDS
OF
PLAIN AND FANCY
Job Printing
EXECUTED
WITH NEATNESS
AND DISPATCH.

We have all the Facilities
FOR DOING
Job Work,
TO BE FOUND
THIS SIDE OF BOSTON,

And shall endeavor at all times, to see that Work is promptly and faithfully done; and hope to receive sufficient additional patronage to remunerate us for the large outlay and expense incurred to promote the

Comfort of our Customers,

And save them the trouble of climbing two or three flights of stairs, to procure a job of Printing.

WE INTEND TO KEEP UP
WITH THE MODERN
IMPROVEMENTS!
AND
Give our Customers as Good Work as can be Secured.

We have now in our Office, among other Material, a

Babcock Steam Power Press;
Babcock Steam Power Half-Medium Jobber;
Babcock Quarter-Medium Jobber;
Babcock Eighth-Medium Card Press;
Gordon Franklin Card and Bill-Head Press;
Ruggles Rotary Card and Bill-Head Press;
Large and Small Hand Presses;
Ruggles Paper Cutter;
Ruggles Rotary Card Cutter, &c. &c.,
And are constantly receiving

Additions of Type
FROM
Philadelphia, New York and Boston Foundries
We are Prepared to Execute in the Best Style,

MAMMOTH POSTERS,
HAND BILLS,
SHOP BILLS,
PROGRAMMES,
CIRCULARS,
WAY BILLS,
BILL HEADS
BILLS OF FARE,
LABELS OF ALL KINDS,
BANK CHECKS,
BANK BOOKS,
BLANK NOTES,
BILLS OF LADING
INSURANCE BLANKS,
TOWN BLANKS,
SURVEYORS' BILLS,
WOOD BILLS,
MILK BILLS,
SCHOOL BILLS
INVOICES, &c

WEDDING, VISITING,
AND
BUSINESS CARDS
OF
ALL DESCRIPTIONS AND QUALITIES,
As cheap as any other establishment in this vicinity.

Persons wishing for work in our line are invited to call, as we can suit them, both as to Style and Price.

PRINTING DONE
WITH
Black, Blue, or Red Ink,
OR WITH
TWO OR MORE COLORS,
And particular attention paid to
BRONZE WORK.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.
No. 1
EAST END KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE
Bangor.

Bangor, July 21, 1870.

THE EYE, EAR, CATARRH AND THROAT.

MRS. MANCHESTER,
The Independent
CLAIRVOYANT
—AND—
ECLECTIC PHYSICIAN,

Formerly from 618 Broadway, New York, late of Portland, has arrived in Bangor, and takes rooms at the BANGOR HOUSE, where she will remain ten days longer by request.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES.

This is to certify that Mrs. Manchester, doctor ed in my family for six years with marked success. She has cured my wife of dropsy in its worst form, my daughter of spinal disease of five years standing, a sister of deafness and catarrh; my father of blindness. And I would recommend her to the public as a skillful physician, and every way worthy of patronage.
JOHN HUDSON.
Portland, Maine.

ONE OF THE GREATEST CURES ON RECORD:

[illegible] for twenty-[illegible] in New York [illegible] MANCHESTER [illegible]

[illegible] ABODY, [illegible]

[illegible] 1870. [illegible] a cancer on [illegible] in Ban[illegible] for me [illegible] size of an egg. [illegible] but suffered [illegible] At the end of [illegible] advertisement in [illegible] ... she would cure the ... months the ... have no signs ... my opinion is, ... ever seen Mrs. ... would have long ... ugh to her for ... is that she ... and advise ... are dead, ... she does not

[illegible] ELL.
[illegible] Portland, Me.

The New Photograph Rooms

COMPLETE IN ALL THEIR APPOINTMENTS
ARE NOW OPEN IN
MASON'S BLOCK, West Market Square
WHERE
Mr. E. R. WESTON

Is prepared to execute Pictures at the following Prices.

Card Photographs per dozen,	$5 00
Card Photographs per half dozen,	3 00
Cabinets per dozen,	[illegible]
Cabinets per half dozen,	5 00

FERREOTYPES.

One large picture for 8x10 frame,	50 cents.
Nine Album size pictures in cards	50 cents.
Four full length pictures in cards,	50 cents.
Four Carte de Visite size,	50 cents.

☞ COPYING and ENLARGING done at short notice, and finished in INK, OIL, or WATER COLORS.

E. R. WESTON & CO.
E. R. WESTON, W. L. WHITNEY,
West Market Square, Bangor Maine
Entrance, No. 4 Main Street.
Bangor, July 13, 1870.

TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVING added unrivalled facilities to my works, and engaged the most skillful artists, I feel confident in guaranteeing to the public the execution of work that cannot be surpassed. I need not call your attention to the economy of Re-dyed Faded and Soiled Garments, but will add that recent discoveries in the art have enabled us to dye most any fabric whatever. The material may be made to look as well as new. Among the many articles, I will mention the following.

Velvet, Satin, Silk, Crape, and Lace Shawls, Cloaks, and Capes of all descriptions.

Dresses composed of Silk, Cotton & Wool, Silk & Linen, Woolen & Cotton, and all Woolen & Cotton Goods.

Gentlemen's Garments Dyed in the most fashionable and durable colors, and also cleansed in a thorough manner.

Kid and Buckskin Gloves, Plumes and Feathers dyed and Cleansed to look like new!

Store Goods Refinished.

QUEEN CITY DYE-HOUSE,
85 Central Street,
BANGOR, ME.
H. F. GOULD, Proprietor.

N. B. All colors warranted not to rub off.
aug11 3m

Creditors' Meeting.

The third general meeting of the Creditors of Paul D. Hatthorn, Bankrupt, will be held at Bangor, in Penobscot County, in the District of Maine, on the second day of November, A. D. 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M. at the Grand Jury Room, in the United States Court House, in said Bangor, before CHARLES HAMLIN, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy in said District, for the purposes named in the twenty-eighth section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2, 1867.

Per order of the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine.
W. C. CROSBY,
Assignee to the Estate of Paul D. Hatthorn in Bankruptcy.
BANGOR, Oct. 11, 1870. oW2w&w1t41

The Veteran of the Grand Army

By the BROTHERS COBB,
Of Post 30, Department of Massachusetts,
Elegantly bound in cloth, Gilt.

THE object of this work is to set forth the principles of the Grand Army of the Republic in the form of a story. The Book is meeting with remarkable success. Over 1500 copies have been sold in the Department of Pennsylvania.

Agents wanted. (Disabled Comrades of the Order preferred.)

For terms, &c. Address
E. P. HILL, Gen'l Agent for Maine,
Bucksport, Me. aug21 tf Staw

To Wash your Clothes White and Bright, and Quickly.

Use Delapierre's Electric Soap.

The most economical in the world. It saves woman's work, and goes three times as far as yellow soap. It bleaches white clothes, brightens colors and does no injury. It is also an excellent toilet soap. It is pure white.

For sale by J. DENNIS & CO., Portland, and other N. E. Grocers. sept27 eod4w

HOFF'S
MALT EXTRACT

Nutritious BEVERAGE, Invigorating TONIC, Invaluable REMEDY Indispensable to NURSING MOTHERS. Substitute for ALCOHOLIC DRINKS. All classes of physicians, both ALLOPATHIC, and HOMEOPATHIC, have attested its value. [illegible] the GREAT VALUE of this preparation, and the FIRST MEDICAL MEN OF THIS CITY RECOMMEND ALREADY IN THEIR PRACTICE daily this WONDERFUL TONIC, which in reality, NO MEDICINE, BUT A PLEASANT REMEDY. MORE STRENGTHENING NOURISHING, AND PLEASANT [illegible]

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS.
TARRANT & CO., 278 GREENWICH ST., N. Y.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR UNITED STATES.
oct19 eod2m

WANTED

AT
Low's Market,
AND NO OUTSIDE TALK,

Bears, Venison, Coons, Rabbits, Partridges, and all kinds of Birds except the Humming.

Trout—Brook and Lake, Pickerel and Perch
AT THE
Highest Prices.
Bangor Sept. 23, 1870.

GET THE BEST.

Bush's Argentine Hair Dye, long and favorably known to the public, stands peerless and unrivalled. It is the best, quickest, cheapest, the most natural, durable, harmless, and effectual Hair Dye in the world. It colors hair or whiskers Brown or Black instantaneously, and gives them a perfectly natural appearance, and is unattended with any injurious effect. Regular package, with brush and sponge complete, only $1.00. GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO. Sold by all druggists. [illegible] eodim

H. C. GOODENOW.
COUNSELLOR & ATTORNEY
DOW'S BLOCK,
Corner of Hammond & Central Sts,
Nov12 BANGOR. &wly

WOMAN.

Females, owing to the peculiar and important relations which they sustain, their peculiar organization, and the offices they perform, are subject to many sufferings. Freedom from these contribute in no small degree to their happiness and welfare, for none can be happy who are ill. Not only so, but no one of these various female complaints can long be suffered to run on without involving the general health of the individual, and ere long producing permanent sickness and premature decline. Nor is it pleasant to consult a physician for the relief of these delicate affections; and only upon the most urgent necessity will a true woman so far sacrifice her greatest charm as to do this. The sex will then thank us for placing in their hands simple specifics which will be found efficacious in relieving and curing almost every one of those troublesome complaints peculiar to the sex.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

Hundreds suffer on in silence, and hundreds of others apply vainly to druggists and doctors, who either merely tantalize them with the hope of a cure or apply remedies which make them worse. I would not wish to assert anything that would do injustice to the afflicted, but I am obliged to say that although it may be produced from excessive exhaustion of the powers of life, by laborious employment, unwholesome air and food, profuse menstruation, the use of tea and coffee, and frequent child-birth, it is far oftener caused by direct irritation, applied to the mucous membrane of the vagina itself.

When reviewing the causes of these distressing complaints, it is most painful to contemplate the attendant evils consequent upon them. It is but simple justice to the subject to enumerate a few of the many additional causes which so largely affect the life, health, and happiness of woman in all classes of society, and which, consequently, affect more or less directly, the welfare of the entire human family. The mania that exists for precocious education and marriage, causes the years that nature designed for corporeal development to be wasted and perverted in the restraints of dress, the confinement of school, and especially in the unhealthy excitement of the ball-room. Thus, with the body half-clothed, and the mind unduly excited by pleasure, perverting in midnight revel the hours designed by nature for sleep and rest, the work of destruction is half accomplished.

In consequence of this early strain upon her system, unnecessary effort is required by the delicate votary to retain her situation in school at a later day thus aggravating the evil. When one excitement is over, another in prospective keeps the mind morbidly sensitive to impression, while the now constant restraint of fashionable dress, absolutely forbidding the exercise indispensable to the attainment and retention of organic health and strength; the exposure to night air, the sudden change of temperature, the complete prostration produced by excessive dancing, must, of necessity, produce their legitimate effect. At last, an early marriage caps the climax of misery, and the unfortunate one, hitherto so utterly regardless of the plain dictates and remonstrances of her delicate nature, becomes an unwilling subject of medical treatment. This is but a truthful picture of the experience of thousands of our young women.

Long before the ability to exercise the functions of the generative organs, they require an education of their peculiar nervous system, composed of what is called the tissue, which is, in common with the female breasts and lips, evidently under the control of mental emotions and associations at an early period of life; and, as we shall subsequently see; these emotions when excessive, lead, long before puberty, to habits which sap the very life of their victims ere nature has self-completed their development.

For Female Weakness and Debility, Whites or Leucorrhea, Too Profuse Menstruation, Exhaustion, Too Long Continued Periods, for Prolapsus and Bearing Down, or Prolapsus Uteri, we offer the most perfect specific known:

HELMBOLD'S
Compound Extract
OF
BUCHU

Directions for use, diet, and advice, accompany.

Females in every period of life, from infancy to extreme old age, will find it a remedy to aid nature in the discharge of its functions. Strength is the glory of manhood and womanhood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU is more strengthening than any of the preparation of Bark or Iron, infinitely safer, and more pleasant. Having received the indorsement of the most prominent Pysicians in the United States, is now offered to afflicted humanity as a certain cure for the following diseases and symptons, from whatever cause originating: General Debility, Mental and Physical Depression, Imbecility, Determination of Blood to the Head, Confused Ideas, Hysteria, General Irritability, Restlessness and Sleeplessness at night, Absence of Muscular Efficiency, Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Emaciation, Low Spirits, Disorganization or Paralysis of the Organs of Generation, Palpitation of the Heart, and, in fact, all the concomitants of a Nervous and Debilitated state of the system. To insure the genuine, cut this out.

Ask for HELMBOLD'S. Take no other.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers Everywhere.

Price—$1.25 per Bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50.

Delivered to any address.

Address H. T. HELMBOLD, Drug and Chemical Warehouse,
594 Broadway, New York.

NONE ARE GENUINE, unless done up in steel engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed H. T. HELMBOLD.
March 7, 1870. july7 d&wly9

FOR BOLIVIA,

Via St. Thomas and Para.

The Steamship WM. TIBBETTS, E. H. Leonard, Commander, will sail October 1st, and each second month thereafter. 320 acres of Land and Passage for $100. Cabin Fare, including meals, $100 gold or its equivalent.

Those who go out by this steamship to settle will receive 320 acres of land, as a free gift from the Company. Full particulars will be sent on application.

Apply at the office of the Company, 41 Kilby st., Boston, or to BAKER & HURLBURT, 41, South st., New York.
A. D. PIPER,
sept7 4w Pres't C. & C. Co. of Bolivia.

Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s

THROUGH LINE TO
California and China.
FARES GREATLY REDUCED.

Steamers leave pier No. 42, North river, foot of Canal street, and 12 o'clock noon on the
4th, and 20th
except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

November 4th,—ARIZONA, Capt. Maury, connecting with SACRAMENTO, Capt. Farnsworth.

One hundred pounds of baggage allowed each adult. Medicines and attendance free.

All departures touch at Manzanillo; that of the 20th connects at Panama with Steamers for South Pacific ports; 4th and 20th for Central American ports, and those of 4th touch at Manzanillo.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Steamer GREAT REPUBLIC, leaving San Francisco, December, 1st, 1870.

For freight, passage tickets and all further information, apply at the office, on the wharf, foot of CANAL Street, North River, New York.

F. R. BABY, Agent.

Or to C. L. BARTLETT & CO., New England Agents, 16 Broad Street, Boston, and P. M. BLAKE, 9 Central St., Bangor.
June 28th, 1869.

Fall River Line!

New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and all principal points West and South West, via Taunton, Fall River and Newport.

Cabin, $5 00; Deck, $4.00. Baggage checked through and transferred in N. Y. free of charge.

New York trains leave the Old Colony and Newport Railway Depot, corner of South and Kneeland streets, daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows: at 4 30 P. M., arriving in Fall River 40 minutes in advance of the regular Steamboat Train, which leaves Boston at 5 30 P. M., connecting at Fall River with the new and magnificent steamers PROVIDENCE, Capt. B. M. SIMMONS, BRISTOL, Captain A. Simmons. These steamers are the fastest and most reliable boats on the Sound, built expressly for speed, safety, and comfort. This Line connects with all the Southern Boats and Railroad Lines from New York going West and South, and convenient to the California Steamers.

To Shippers of Freight this Line, with its new and extensive depot accommodations in Boston, and large pier in New York, (exclusively for the business of the Line,) is supplied with facilities for freight and passenger business which cannot be surpassed. Freight always taken at low rates, and forwarded with despatch.

New York Express Freight Train leaves Boston at 1.30 P. M; goods arrive in New York next morning about 6 A. M. Freight leaving New York arrives in Boston on the following day, at 9 45 A. M.

For tickets, berths and staterooms, apply at the Company's office, at No. 3 Old State House, corner of Washington and State streets, and at Old Colony and Newport Railroad Depot, corner of South and Kneeland streets, Boston.

Steamers leave New York daily, (Sundays excepted,) from Pier 30 North River, foot of Chamber St., at 5 P. M.

JAMES FISK, Jr., Pres't,
M. R. SIMONS,
Managing Director Narragansett Steamship Co.
GEO. SHIVERICK,
Pass. & Freight Ag't.
Nov. 8. may 13. 1y

Maine Steamship Company

New Arrangement,
SEMI-WEEKLY LINE.

On and after the 18th inst., the fine steamers DIRIGO, and FRANCONIA will, until further notice, run as follows:

Leave Galt's Wharf, Portland, every Monday and Thursday, at 5 o'clock P. M., and leave Pier 38 East River, New York, every Monday and Thursday at 3 o'clock P. M.

The DIRIGO and FRANCONIA are fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making this the most convenient and comfortable route for travellers between New York and Maine. Passage, in State Room, $5. Cabin passage $4. Meals extra.

Goods forwarded to and from Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St John, and all parts of Maine.

Shippers are requested to send their freight to the Steamer as early as 3 P. M., on the day that they leave Portland.

For freight or passage apply to
HENRY FOX,
Galt's Wharf, Portland.
J. F. AMES,
Pier 38 East River.
Portland, May 11th, 1869.

For Boston!

The NEW and SUPERIOR Sea-Going Steamers,
John Brooks and Montreal,

Having been fitted up at a great expense with a large number of beautiful State Rooms, will run the season as follows:

Leaving Atlantic Wharf, Portland, at 7 o'clock, and India Wharf, Boston, every day at 5 o'clock, P. M., (Sundays excepted).

Fare in Cabin, - - - - - $1.50
Deck Fare, - - - - - 1.00

☞ Freight taken as usual.
L. BILLINGS, Agent.
September 17, 1870.

International Steamship Co.

EASTPORT, CALAIS, AND ST. JOHN.
DIGBY, WINDSOR AND HALIFAX.

Fall Arrangement—Two Trips a Week.

On and after MONDAY, October 3d, the Steamer New England, Capt. E. Field, and the Steamer New York, Capt. E. B. Winchester, will leave Railroad Wharf, foot of State Street, Portland, every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 o'clock P. M.; for Eastport and St. John.

Returning will leave St. John and Eastport on the same days.

Connecting at Eastport with the Steamer QUEEN for St. Andrews, and Calais, and with N. B. & C. Railway for Woodstock and Houlton stations, and with rail and steamer for Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Connecting at St. John with the Steamer EMPRESS, for Digby, and Annapolis, thence by rail to Windsor and Halifax, and with the E. & N. A. Railway for Shediac and intermediate stations.

☞ Freight received on days of sailing until four o'clock, P. M.

For other information, apply at 22 West Market Square, Bangor.
apr12 oct7 tf A. R. STUBBS, Agent.

NORFOLK & BALTIMORE
and Washington, D. C.
STEAMSHIP LINE.

STEAMSHIPS of this Line sail from end of Central Wharf Boston, TUESDAYS & FRIDAYS for NORFOLK and BALTIMORE.

Steamships WILLIAM LAWRENCE, Capt. W. A. Hallett, GEORGE APPOLD, Capt. Solomon Howes; WILLIAM KENNEDY, Capt. Geo. H. Hallett, McCLELLAN, Capt. Frank M. Howes.

Freight forwarded from NORFOLK to WASHINGTON by Steamer Lady of the Lake.

Freight forwarded from NORFOLK to PETERSBURG and RICHMOND, by river or rail; and by the VIRGINIA and TENNESSEE AIR LINE to all points in VIRGINIA, TENNESSEE, ALABAMA and GEORGIA; and over the SEABOARD and ROANOKE R. R. to all points in NORTH and SOUTH CAROLINA; by the BALTIMORE and OHIO R. R. to WASHINGTON and all places WEST.

Through rates given to South and West.

Fine passenger accommodations.

Fare, including Berths and Meals, $12 50. Time to Norfolk, forty-eight hours; to Baltimore, sixty-five hours. For further information apply to
E. SAMPSON, Agent.
June 3. tf 53 Central Wharf, Boston

Newark Cement.

600 Barrels of Newark Hydraulic Cement, now landing from Sch. Susan Curtis, and for sale by
S. H. DALE.
Bangor, June 1, 1870.

THIS is to give notice that, on the 8th day of October, A. D., 1870, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of BETHUEL WASHBURN, of Bangor, in the County of Penobscot, and State of Maine, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition, filed Sept. 27th, 1870, that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law, that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be holden at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Grand Jury Room, in the United States Court House, in Bangor, before CHAS. HAMLIN, Esq., Register, on the first day of November, A. D., 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M.
H. A. HEAD, Deputy U. S. Marshal, as Messenger in Bankruptcy.
oct11 oT2w&w1t41

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,
SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,
Late Agent of the United States Patent Office, Washington under the Act of 1837.
No. 76 State Street, opposite Kilby Street Boston.

After an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure patents in the United States; also in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Caveats Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all papers or drawings for Patents, executed on reasonable terms with dispatch. Researches made into American and Foreign works, to determine the validity and utility of Patents or Inventions, and legal and other advice rendered on all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished, by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded in Washington.

No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.

During eight months the subscriber, in the course of his large practice, made on *twice rejected* applications, SIXTEEN APPEALS, EVERY ONE of which was decided *in his favor* by the Commissioner of Patents.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the most *capable and successful* practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse.

CHARLES MASON, Commissioner of Patents."

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a man *more competent and trustworthy*, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office.
EDMUND BURKE,
Late Commissioner of Patents."

"Mr. R. H. EDDY has made for me THIRTEEN applications, in all but ONE of which patents have been granted, and that is *now pending*. Such unmistakable proof of great talent and ability on his part, leads me to recommend ALL inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges.
JOHN TAGGART."
Boston, Jan. 1, 1870. 3tawly

Passadumkeag Boom.

Proposals will be received until the first day of December next, for rafting all the logs which may come into the Passadumkeag Boom, for the year 1871. Blank contracts may be had on application to
J. W. PORTER, Treasurer.
Burlington, Oct. 12, 1870. tdecl

European and North American Railway.

ON and after WEDNESDAY, May 11, 1870, trains will run as follows:—

Leave Bangor (Exchange St.) for Mattawamkeag at 7.55 A. M., and 7.20 P. M.; for Oldtown at 7.55 and 11.30 A. M., and 4 15 and 7 20 P. M.

Leave Mattawamkeag, at 4 15 A. M., 1.30 P. M., and Milford at 6 25 and 7 [illegible] A. M., 1 10 and 5 35 P. M.

Trains arrive in Bangor at 7 10 and [illegible] A. M., and 2.15 and 6.35 P. M.

The 7.20 P. M. train from Bangor, connects with stages at Lincoln Station for Lincoln, and at Mattawamkeag with stages for Houlton.

The 7 20 P. M. train will not stop at Mt. Hope, Basin Mills or Webster. J. M. LUNT, Supt.
Bangor, May 10th, 1870.

Maine Central Railroad.

ON and after MONDAY, [illegible] 1870, Passenger Trains for Boston, Portland and intermediate stations on this road, will leave Bangor at 7.30 A. M.

Accommodation Train for Dexter and Intermediate stations, will leave at [illegible]

Accommodation Train from Waterville and Dexter, will be due in Bangor at 10 [illegible] A. M. [illegible] Portland and Boston at 7 [illegible] P. M.

Tickets sold to all stations on this line, and passengers and baggage checked.
EDWIN NOYES, Supt.
October 31, 1870.

Portland & Kennebec Railroad

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT, May [illegible], 1870

PASSENGER TRAIN for Portland and Boston leaves Skowhegan at 9 A. M.; connecting [illegible] Mills with trains on Maine Central Railway.

Leave Augusta for Portland and Boston at 11.00 A. M., and 5.15 P. M.

TRAINS FROM BOSTON.

Morning Train leaving Boston at 7 [illegible] connects with P. & K. train leaving [illegible] P. M., at Brunswick with trains on [illegible] R. R., at Kendall's Mills with trains [illegible] and E. & N. A. Railway.

Noon Train, leaving Boston at 12.00 M., connects with P. & K. train leaving Portland at 5 P. M. for Lewiston, Bath and Augusta.

THROUGH FREIGHT TRAINS

Leave Boston daily at 4 30 P. M., for all stations on this line, arriving earlier than by any other line.

☞ These Trains are supplied with Fresh Meat Cars, which enables dealers in Fresh Meat, Vegetables, Fruit, &c., to have their freight delivered in good order in the hottest of weather.

Through tickets are sold at Boston for all stations on this line, and baggage checked through.

Stages leave Kendall's Mills, Skowhegan, [illegible] boro', Augusta and Bath, for the principal towns North and East on their routes.
L. L. LINCOLN, Supt.
Augusta, May 23, 1870.

Bangor and Piscataquis Railroad

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, Sept. [illegible], trains will run as follows:

Leaving Bangor, via the E. & N. A. Railway 6 05 A. M. and 3.45 P. M., Oldtown at [illegible] 3 50 P. M.; Milo, 11.55 A. M. and 7 15 P. M. [illegible] at Dover and Foxcroft at 12.15 and 7 [illegible] P. M.

Returning—Leave Dover and Foxcroft at 6.00 A. M. and 2 15 P. M.; Milo at 6.28 A. M. and 3 [illegible] P. M. arrive in Oldtown at 7.52 A. M. and [illegible] P. M., and in Bangor at 8.35 A. M. and 6 15 P. M.

The Train leaving Bangor at 7.[illegible] A. M. and Dover and Foxcroft at 2 15 P. M. will be a Freight Train with passenger car attached.

Passengers will be ticketed through from all stations points upon this line, and from Moosehead Lake to Boston, via Sanfords Independent Line of Steamers, on and after Monday, May 30th.

Stages connect with the trains at Milo for Brownville and Katahdin Iron Works, and at Dover and Foxcroft Station for Guilford, Abbott, Monson and Moose Head Lake.
L. H. EATON, Supt.
Bangor, Aug. 29th, 1870.

Orono Hotel.

Hotel and Boarding House Notice

THE Subscriber, at the earnest solicitation of many friends, has purchased the hotel in Orono, called the "Donganmall House," and having thoroughly repaired, painted and put in new furniture, will take special pains to keep a *first class Public House*, and a pleasant house for boarders. He calls it

"The Orono House."

The house is large, commodious and centrally located, and those who please to give him a call are to come and make their *home* with him, will be kindly cared for and be sure to find good and clean beds, and a table spread with the best the market affords.

He has also an excellent Ostler, and good stable accommodations, with a livery attached.

"The State College of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts" is distant only a pleasant walk, and at its present time is in a prosperous condition, with bright promise of future success. Our village is one of the [illegible] called one of the most healthy [illegible] in Maine. WILLIAM [illegible]
Orono June 28th, 1870.

LYNDE HOTEL

ROCKLAND, MAINE,
G. A. LYNDE, - - *Proprietor.*

THE HOUSE has been refitted [illegible] season, on the corner of Park and Main streets, Rockland, and is now open to the public.

Clean beds, pleasant rooms, good fare and attendance, will be offered to the guests of the house, and no pains will be spared to make their stay agreeable. Nearly every room looks out upon the bay, and every room in the house, is pleasant, thus affording to persons desirous of enjoying the sea breeze and spending the summit months, an opportunity to do so, without locating on an island where they can enjoy the sea air and no [illegible]

Have taken especial pains to keep the [illegible] sample rooms.

Carriages to take passengers to and from the boats free of charge.

Good Livery Stable connected with the house, good stable for transient horses.
aug11 tf

National House.

Harlow st. Bangor, Maine.

JOHN STOCKMAN, - - - Proprietor.

THIS HOUSE, situated in the business part of the City, has been refitted, refurnished, and is now open for the traveling public.

The Proprietor hopes by strict attention to receive a liberal share of patronage.

The tables will be furnished with the best the market affords, and every attention paid to the wants of his guests.

There is attached to this House a good STABLE, with attentive Ostler. Charges moderate.

Passengers taken to and from the boats and cars.

Stages leave House daily for all parts of the State.
JOHN STOCKMAN.
Bangor, Aug. 30, 1870.

EVELETH HOUSE,

GREENVILLE, MAINE.—Foot of Moosehead Lake.
W. J. MITCHELL, Proprietor.

This house has been thoroughly repaired and furnished throughout, and is kept as a first class hotel. The popular landlord having had twenty years experience in the business, will spare no pains to make his house a pleasant home for all that may come, and his table is always supplied with the best the market affords, and it is a delightful place for summer resort. Also, a billiard table in the house and good boats of all kinds, for parties, and three Steamboats on the Lake, and Stages leave the house daily for Dexter and Dover; also, good horses and carriages to let.
W. J. MITCHELL, Proprietor.
aug1 d3m

Foxcroft Exchange,

FOXCROFT, ME.

The subscriber, [illegible] has taken this new [illegible] will spare no pains [illegible] exactly what the traveling [illegible]

☞ Good Stable connected [illegible]
may21 [illegible] QUIMBY.

Money Cannot Buy It

For Sight is Priceless!

BUT THE DIAMOND SPECTACLES WILL PRESERVE IT.

THE DIAMOND GLASSES.

Manufactured by J. E. [illegible] York which are now offered [illegible] nounced by all the celebrated [illegible] to be the MOST PERFECT [illegible] help to the human eye ever [illegible]

They are ground under [illegible] minute Crystal Pebbles, [illegible] their name, "Diamond" [illegible] and brilliancy.

The Scientific Principle [illegible] structed brings the core or [illegible] in front of the eye, producing [illegible] vision, as in the natural [illegible] ing all unpleasant sensations [illegible] and wavering of sight, di[illegible] others in use.

They are mounted in the finest manner, in frames of the best quality, of all materials used for that purpose. Their finish and durability cannot be surpassed.

CAUTION.—None genuine unless bearing their trade mark ◇ stamped on every frame.

LOWELL & SPENCER,

Jewelers and Opticians, are Sole Agents for Bangor, Maine, from whom they can only be obtained. These goods are not supplied to Peddlers, at any price.
14, 1870.

Shingle Machines.

THE CLOSE PATENT SHINGLE MACHINE. The cheapest, most simple and durable Machine in use, manufactured and for sale by Hinckley & Egery Iron Co., Oak Street, Bangor.

CAUTION. Letters Patent having been granted to the undersigned, on the 20th of June, A. D. [illegible] for an improvement in Shingle Machines, by the use of eccentric gears for producing or giving the feed motion to Shingle Machines, notice is hereby given to all manufacturers of such Machines, or persons using said invention or improvement without a license, that they will be prosecuted according to law thereof.
WALTER R. CLOSE.
T. N. EGERY.
Bangor, July 15, 1870.

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